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Passage.—First Class $90 | Second Class $75
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Cabin passage to St. Johns $35
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AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.,
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WESTERN TRANSPORT-
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INCORPORATED 1856.
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ny will be inspired on the opening of navi-
ween New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Albany,
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ERICAN TRANSPORTA-
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CAPITAL, ... $900,000.
KIMBERLY, President.
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Through the courtesy of S. Francis, Secre-
tary, we are in receipt of a copy of this valuable
record of our agricultural progress. None but
an old, experienced editor could condense so
much varied and valuable statistical matter into
a work of less than seven hundred pages. Here
we have not only a history of the State Society,
but of the counties' also, with essays, addresses,
proceedings of Illinois Stock Importing Asso-
ciation, Illinois Sugar Cane Convention, State
Horticultural Society, N. W. Pomological So-
ciety, and of the State Natural History Society.
It required no small amount of labor and
skill to make a readable volume out of the mass
of crude matter furnished from all these sources-
It mattered little how well written even the re-
ports and proceedings, they had to be con-
densed into smaller compass. To have made
up a volume of two thousand pages would have
been an easy task, and, no doubt, have been
still more valuable, as many of the reports
would have been more full, and many interest-
ing addresses preserved for future use; but the
last Legislature was of the nature of a bill kind,
and with rare patience directed the publishing of
5,000 copies of the condensed volume. The
work is embellished with cuts of valuable ani-
mals, farm implements and plants. A copy of
this work should go into every library of the
State, and especially into the school libraries.
There should have been 15,000, instead of 2,000,
copies printed. RURAL.

Affidavit of the Man who Struck Stryker.

City and County of New York—Cornelius Wood, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that seeing so many false statements in the pub-
lic p ess with reference to the late Democratic State Convention at Syracuse, and finding that injustice is done to many persons by an act of his own, in which Mr. John Stryker was pushed from the platform at the Convention, he is in-
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tician, to participate with others in the excite-
ment which always exists at such places; that, holding at the time an office under Mayor Wyckoff & Co., the contractors for the govern-
ment public store labor, he thought he could be of service to be present. And this deponent further says that he received a ticket to enter the hall where the Convention was held, from a person whom he knew to belong to the political interest opposed to Mayor Wood; that the ticket was signed by Peter Cagger, and that he had reason to believe was sent to him by Peter Cagger, the Collector, and that he considered himself as belonging to a party of men who intended to have a fight and break up the Convention if decree of so, but in which the deponent did not intend to participate, And this deponent further says, that when in Wisting Hall, after the chairman was made, great confusion and noise took place; that Captain Rynders commenced the row, threatening to beat some of the New York del-
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ing at the time that he was doing right, and get-
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And this deponent further says, that if he had known that he was doing wrong he would not have done as he did; that he has no doubt it was the intention of the person who told him to go and push the chairman off the platform, that he should push Mr Alvord off, and not Mr. Stryker, and that he did not know one from the other, and supposed he was aiding the Cagger side of the question in what he did. And this deponent further says, that he does not know Mayor Wood personally; that he had no con-
nection with him before the Convention, and that he is not in any manner connected with the Mozart Hall political organization or Mr. Wood. CORNELIUS WOOD.

Sworn to this first day of October, 1859.
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she has removed to 3 Wells st., where
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Her company help can be supplied on short
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leased the OLD STAND at about one third of
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
the cheapest Stock of Boots and Shoes ever offer-
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Rands and Initiation Russia Sheet Iron.
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No. 28 Lake street.

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Carpenter's Adzes and Broad Axes.
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and small bales, for sale in quantities to suit
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28 Commercial st., and 13 Levee, St. Louis.

AND HARBOR WORK.
is prepared to do all kinds of DREDGING
& WORK on improved style, low prices,
to improve their water lot will find it for
to give us a call. Office 21 Washington st.
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Chicago, Ill. Keeps constantly on hand
ent of new and second-hand Carriages of all
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P. W. WELCH.

SHELTON, TUTTLE &

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EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS:
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OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

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Press & Tribune.
CHICAGO.

A BETTER LOOK FOR BREAD-STUFFS.

It is by no means certain that there will be any considerable export demand for bread-stuffs; but it is certain that the crop in Great Britain, France and Russia is smaller than was expected. At present prices in New York and Liverpool, any considerable movement is impossible; but if the bad news of the later steamers is confirmed by the next arrivals, we may expect to hear, at the same time, that prices in England have advanced to such a figure that holders will be justified in sending cargoes forward. It is said by the *New York Herald* that small purchases have already been made in New York and Baltimore on English account; but our best informed dealers here know nothing of the transactions, if any such have been made.

Real Estate Meeting.

All persons interested in matters of Real Estate, are requested to meet at the office of S. H. Kerfoot & Co., No. 82 Dearborn street, this (Thursday) evening, at 7 o'clock.

A general attendance is requested, as there are several plans to be proposed, which, it is thought, will conduce to the advantage of Chicago.

Hon. James Knox.

Among the passengers by the steamer New York, from New York, which sailed on Saturday, was the Hon. James Knox, late member of Congress from the IVth District of this State. Mr. Knox has unfortunately become blind, and visits Europe for the purpose of having, if possible, the cataract removed from his eyes.

"Henry County Dial."

The leaders of the Press and Tribune have read and admired many capital articles from the pen of John E. Wheeler, Esq. He was one of the early editors and proprietors of the TRIBUNE, and before the consolidation of the two papers he was for some three or four years one of the assistant editors of the PRESS. It gives us pleasure to announce that he has now become connected with the *Henry County Dial* as editor and proprietor. Modest and retiring almost to a fault, thoroughly posted in all the subjects that come up for newspaper discussion, a ready and graceful writer, and withal one of the best and truest men with whom it was ever our good fortune to be associated, we cordially commend him to the citizens of Kewanee as a gentleman well worthy of their courtesy and esteem. Under his management the *Dial* will be a wide-awake newspaper, and a welcome visitor in the families among whom it circulates. We bespeak for it a generous support. And, by the way, our merchants will consult their own interests by sending their advertisements to the *Dial*. Kewanee is one of the most thriving towns on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, being situated in one of the most beautiful and fertile portions of the Military Tract.

The Grand Lodge of the I. O. of F.

The regular annual session of the Grand Lodge of Illinois, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows will convene in the city of Springfield, on Tuesday the 11th of October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. It is expected that the attendance will be large, and the session—which will continue about four days—a very interesting one.

The Chicago, Alton & St. Louis Railroad; the Great Western (Ill.) Railroad; the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad; the Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska Railroad, and the Peoria & Oquawka (E. E.) Railroad have consented to carry the officers and members of the Grand Lodge, in going to and returning from the communication, over their respective roads, at half the usual fare. Each member will be furnished by the R. S. taining a certificate from the Secretary of his Lodge, under its seal, that he is such, may avail himself of this "half fare" privilege, from the 9th to the 12th (inclusive) of October.

Transactions of Illinois State Agricultural Society.

Through the courtesy of S. Francis, Secretary, we are in receipt of a copy of this valuable record of our agricultural progress. None but an old, experienced editor could condense so much varied and valuable statistical matter into a work of less than seven hundred pages. Here we have not only a history of the State Society, but of the counties' also, with essays, addresses, proceedings of Illinois Stock Importing Association, Illinois Sugar Cane Convention, State Horticultural Society, N. W. Pomological Society, and of the State Natural History Society.

It required no small amount of labor and skill to make a readable volume out of the mass of crude matter furnished from all these sources. It mattered little how well written even the reports and proceedings, they had to be condensed into smaller compass. To have made up a volume of two thousand pages would have been an easy task, and, no doubt, have been still more valuable, as many of the reports would have been more full, and many interesting addresses preserved for future use; but the last Legislature was of the nature of a bill kind, and with rare patience directed the publishing of 5,000 copies of the condensed volume. The work is embellished with cuts of valuable animals, farm implements and plants. A copy of this work should go into every library of the State, and especially into the school libraries. There should have been 15,000, instead of 2,000, copies printed. RURAL.

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The Prospect in Ohio.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Times.]

CINCINNATI, Sept. 22, 1859.

* * * * * * *

The Republicans will, in all human probability, carry the State ticket, and the Legislature with it. But, it may be said, is there no change of sentiment? There is no State where a change of opinion is less likely to happen. The approval of Mr. Douglas' course, no doubt, intended to have some such effect. He has not, however, materially aided his party. At Wooster, Wayne county, he denounced the Attorney-General of the United States, and brought himself in conflict with the official organ of the Administration. His manner of speaking, as I am informed, was not impressive, especially at Cincinnati, where he had a severe cold. The printed criticism of Mr. Lincoln exposed his weak points, and it is more than probable that Mr. Douglas' efforts will only serve to bring out Republican voters who might otherwise have staid at home. Mr. Douglas is, however, the favorite of the Ohio Democracy, and they will cling to him, in the hope that his skill and boldness may in some way aid them.

The contest, in the great County of Hamilton, Cincinnati, will be close and severe. With a steady majority, ranging from 3,000 to 5,000, the Democratic organization is at their stronghold. The change among the Germans, however, turned the balance of power, and in 1858, the united Opposition had 1,200 majority. The Opposition Convention have just met, and, again nominated a single ticket, with the probabilities in its favor,—dependent, of course, however, upon their relative activity and zeal of the respective parties.

It may be noted what bearings have all this on the Presidency? Very much. If the Democrats do not gain largely; nay, if they do not positively succeed, it will be proof positive in the minds of candid men that the Douglas dogma has brought no strength to the party, even in the Northwest. Indiana is adverse to him, and if he can gain nothing in Ohio, what can the party gain by advancing his pretensions.

But you will ask, what is the position of the Republicans of Ohio? I have already said that Ohio is conservative, yet positively anti-Slavery. Ohio will present in the Convention, unless I am greatly mistaken, a candidate of her own, but in no intolerant or impracticable manner. She will ask the National Convention to agree with her in her choice, but will yield to the common judgment of the whole. She leave the ground of opposition to the extension of Slavery and ignore that great question impossible.

[Special dispatch to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

DAYTON, Oct. 4.

Hon. Thomas Corwin addressed an immense crowd adjoining the fair grounds in Greenville to-day. The farmers came in from the country in procession, carrying flags and banners. A huge wagon, drawn by thirteen yoke of oxen, and another drawn by six or seven yoke, were in the procession. The best spirit prevailed, and Corwin made one of his happiest efforts. He was speaking when the train left, and was to be followed by Hon. Robert C. Schenck.

From Washington.

The result of the California election is a fearful blow to Douglas, who discovers that his peculiar doctrines have taken no hold in any of the free States. The Republicans are not disappointed at Baker's defeat, because they made very little calculation upon his election.

Unless Ohio should go against the Republicans, which to some minds seems possible, the Little Giant may be considered shelved. The Administration is not anxious for Democratic success in any of the States, and therefore the friends of Douglas are up for office, and it will hardly be disappointed. Douglas's condition is pitiable—deserted by the South by his party friends, and unable at the North to obtain any recruits from the Republican ranks, he is likely to fall to the ground between the two stools. His vaulting ambition has o'erleaped itself.

The accounts received here from prominent men in Minnesota, are extremely favorable to the success of the Republicans in the election of both members of Congress, unless the Democrats resort to frauds and stuff the ballot-boxes.

Instructions will be shortly sent out to our Minister to China. It is likely a prudent course will be advised and caution given to get into no entangling complications.—*Cor. Cin. Gazette.*

A British Survey Ordered.

[From the London Times.]

A detachment of the Royal Engineers consisting of the lieutenant, one sergeant, a quartermaster and commissary, and 12 non-commissioned officers and men, are expected to embark at Southampton on or about the 25th inst., for British Columbia, *via* Panama, to join the Boundary Surveying Expedition, under Col. J. S. Hawkins, R. E., Her Majesty's Commissioner. The non-commissioned officers and men who are now being selected will consist of topographical surveyors, draftsmen, engineers, other scientific gatherers, mechanics, &c. Their working pay and allowances will be on a very liberal scale. The expenditure for the passage of the boundary between the United States and British America, along the 49th parallel of latitude, which sailed in April, 1858, is making rapid progress in defining and marking out on the ground the disputed boundary, and, with the exception of one casualty by death, all enjoy excellent health."

California Gold this Year and Last.

The following table shows the amount of gold brought by each steamer from California and landed in New York this year, compared with the shipments of corresponding dates in 1858. It will be seen that the increase in the influx of gold this year is nearly a million and a quarter over the amount brought last year, up to the present time:

Date of Shipment.	1858.	1859.
December 20	$1,287,740	$1,678,700
January 5	1,868,779	1,910,748
do 20	1,300,202	1,304,500
February 5	1,990,429	1,767,995
do 20	1,321,139	99,175
March 5	1,468,949	1,402,344
do 20	1,282,189	1,404,000
April 5	1,405,555	1,730,922
do 20	1,480,115	1,480,115
May 5	1,675,991	1,980,000
do 20	1,446,170	1,844,978
June 5	1,790,242	1,941,000
do 20	1,461,714	1,388,565
July 5	1,135,515	1,800,000
do 20	1,551,310	1,990,227
August 5	1,744,674	2,128,000
do 20	1,040,738	2,129,850
September 5	1,970,994	2,042,500
Total	$29,317,876	$30,157,414
Last week		57,917,876
Increase thus far this year		$1,239,540

—*N. Y. Herald.*

Fire at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin.

Yesterday morning about 4 o'clock, a fire broke out in a large three-story building here in the city, known as the Kilbourne House, and in a short time a heap of ruins marked the spot where before had stood $20,000 worth of property. The building was worth about $8,000, owned by Fringe & Bonner, and occupied partly by Gustavus Bonner as a liquor store. His loss was $12,000. The building was insured for $4,000 in the Hartford and Merchants' insurance companies of Hartford, Conn. The stock of goods was insured for $8,000 in the Ætna and Phœnix of Hartford; Home of New York, and Great Western of Philadelphia. The fire was doubtless the work of incendiarism.—*Cor. Milwaukee News.*

A Thousand Bushels of Wheat Lost.

Night before last an accident happened at Higby's Elevator which occasioned the loss of about a thousand bushels of wheat. The bark Winslow was loading there during the night, and the persons in charge of her falling asleep, as the hold filled, the vessel caregued a little, displacing the conductor through which the grain passed from the Elevator, and letting the wheat run into the river. The parties in the warehouse not knowing anything about the accident, continued running out the wheat, and the mischief was not discovered until about a thousand bushels had been lost.—*Milwaukee Sentinel, 5th.*

The Reciprocity Treaty.

ALBANY, Oct. 3, 1859.

Hon. Israel T. Hatch, direct from Washington, passed through this city this morning on his return to Buffalo. He states that he intends to enter immediately upon the duties assigned him by the President, in the examination of the operations of the revenue and trade between this country and Canada under the reciprocity treaty. The appointment is an excellent one, and from the conceded ability and knowledge of the international business on our northwestern frontier which Mr. Hatch possesses, there can be no doubt that his report will be highly useful to the government.

Elections in Connecticut.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 3.—At the town election here to day the Republicans elected their entire ticket by a majority of about 100. For Town Clerk the vote stood: Giles Burley, Rep., 448; Dennis, Dem., 351.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 3.—In the City election, held here to-day, Silas C. Booth (Republican) was elected Mayor, over E. B. Goodsell (Democrat), by 85 majority—a gain of about 50. The Republicans also elect all the Aldermen, Councilmen, and other officers, by an average majority of about 8.

Attempt to Fire a Steamer.

St. Louis, Oct. 4.—The steamer W. M. Morrison, this P. M., was discovered on fire, in a room in the nursery, under the ladies' cabin, but the flames were easily extinguished. Soon after, at 3 P. M., fires were seen issuing from her texas, which, together with the contents were all destroyed. About $1,000 will repair the damage. The fire was the work of an incendiary, as a careful examination showed traces of combustible materials in different parts of the texas. Several such attempts to burn steamboats at our wharf have been repeatedly made.

Loss of a Steamboat.

POUGHKEEPSIE, OHIO, October 3.—The steamer Mary Cook, which left Cincinnati on Friday last, sunk last night at 9 o'clock, at the foot of Race on Island. She sunk in about seven feet of water, and can probably be raised again, in which event something will be saved. Loss about $12,000.

THE CITY.

LUMBERMEN.—The attention of lumber dealers to the advertisement of mine host of the Sollitt House will repay all those interested.

RANDOLPH STREET CARS.—The number of carriages having been increased, the Randolph street cars run now every five minutes.

LARCENY.—Margaret Doeling was held to bail in $200 yesterday, for the larceny of $25 from her friend Catherine Crowler.

VAGRANCY.—A lad named Frank Morey, from Kenosha, was sent to the Reform School yesterday as a vagrant.

SPRATS AND SPRUNTS.—We refer of course to the Baltimore and Norfolk Oysters on sale at T. E. Spatds', No. 70 State street, opposite Garrett Block.

A WAIF.—The half-decomposed remains of a small infant were found yesterday under the west abutment of Polk street bridge. An inquest was held, but nothing developed.

A DISCLAIMER.—The Light Guard Band disavows all connection with the Gift Concert on Tuesday evening, other than as hired performers, by the proprietor of the enterprise.

LARCENY.—A female rejoicing in the monosyllabic name of Ann Mann was held to bail yesterday in $300 for the larceny of $10 from one Mrs. Robinson.

SABBATH SCHOOL PROCESSION.—We learn there will be a Sabbath School procession of the entire Sabbath Schools of this city, on Saturday, Oct. 22, under the auspices of the S. S. Union.

MORRISSY-ANA.—A youngster named Peters was arrested yesterday for so severely beating a comrade that the latter is now under medical treatment. He was held for further examination.

CHICAGO EQUESTRIAN ABROAD.—The second premium of $10 for boat equestrianism of boys under fourteen years of age at the St. Louis Fair was awarded to Master J. G. Kelley of Chicago.

RESIGNATION.—Mark Beaubien, light house keeper at this port, has resigned and "come ashore" since the arrangements require the light keeper to reside on the end of the pier. A Mr. Morris succeeds him.

NARROW ESCAPE.—The premises of Messrs. H. D. Emery & Co., 204 Lake street, agricultural implement dealers, and publishers of the *Prairie Farmer*, had a narrow escape from destruction by fire on Tuesday evening, from a pile of exchanges becoming ablaze from a gas burner.

☞ Large and important sale at auction of every kind of furniture, carpets and household goods, this morning at half-past nine o'clock, and continuing Friday morning at half-past nine o'clock A. M., by Gilbert & Sampson, No. 82 Lake street. Parties in want of furniture, etc., will do well to attend these sales.

THE GRAND BENEFIT CONCERT FOR THE HOME OF THE FRIENDLESS TO-NIGHT.—The many friends of the noble city charity, *The Home of the Friendless*, at Metropolitan Hall this evening it deserves attention both from the nature of the beneficiary enterprise, and the attractions of a programme that enrols some of our best artists.

LANDS FOR SALE.—We call attention to an advertisement in another column, offering for sale 2,000 acres of land in the counties of Rock, Walworth, and Lacrosse, Wisconsin, and Winnebago and Ogle in this State. These are among the finest counties in the West, and we are assured the lands have been selected with great care. A good opportunity is here offered to those who want a farm, or wish to make a safe paying investment.

GOLD-BEARING QUARTZ SPECIMENS.—Mr. Geo. Searle showed us yesterday a fine collection of California gold and quartz specimens, which subscribers, mechanics, &c. Their working pay and allowances will be on a very liberal scale. The expedition for the survey of the boundary between the United States and British America, along the 49th parallel of latitude, which sailed in April, 1858, is making rapid progress in defining and marking out on the ground the disputed boundary, and, with the exception of one casualty by death, all enjoy excellent health."

California Gold this Year and Last.

The following table shows the amount of gold brought by each steamer from California and landed in New York this year, compared with the shipments of corresponding dates in 1858. It will be seen that the increase in the influx of gold this year is nearly a million and a quarter over the amount brought last year, up to the present time:

Date of Shipment.	1858.	1859.
December 20	$1,287,740	$1,678,700
January 5	1,868,779	1,910,748
do 20	1,300,202	1,304,500
February 5	1,990,429	1,767,995
do 20	1,321,139	99,175
March 5	1,468,949	1,402,344
do 20	1,282,189	1,404,000
April 5	1,405,555	1,730,922
do 20	1,480,115	1,480,115
May 5	1,675,991	1,980,000
do 20	1,446,170	1,844,978
June 5	1,790,242	1,941,000
do 20	1,461,714	1,388,565
July 5	1,135,515	1,800,000
do 20	1,551,310	1,990,227
August 5	1,744,674	2,128,000
do 20	1,040,738	2,129,850
September 5	1,970,994	2,042,500
Total	$29,317,876	$30,157,414
Last week		57,917,876
Increase thus far this year		$1,239,540

—*N. Y. Herald.*

Fire at Beaver Dam, Wisconsin.

Yesterday morning about 4 o'clock, a fire broke out in a large three-story building here in the city, known as the Kilbourne House, and in a short time a heap of ruins marked the spot where before had stood $20,000 worth of property. The building was worth about $8,000, owned by Fringe & Bonner, and occupied partly by Gustavus Bonner as a liquor store. His loss was $12,000. The building was insured for $4,000 in the Hartford and Merchants' insurance companies of Hartford, Conn. The stock of goods was insured for $8,000 in the Ætna and Phœnix of Hartford; Home of New York, and Great Western of Philadelphia. The fire was doubtless the work of incendiarism.—*Cor. Milwaukee News.*

A Thousand Bushels of Wheat Lost.

Night before last an accident happened at Higby's Elevator which occasioned the loss of about a thousand bushels of wheat. The bark Winslow was loading there during the night, and the persons in charge of her falling asleep, as the hold filled, the vessel caregued a little, displacing the conductor through which the grain passed from the Elevator, and letting the wheat run into the river. The parties in the warehouse not knowing anything about the accident, continued running out the wheat, and the mischief was not discovered until about a thousand bushels had been lost.—*Milwaukee Sentinel, 5th.*

The Reciprocity Treaty.

ALBANY, Oct. 3, 1859.

Hon. Israel T. Hatch, direct from Washington, passed through this city this morning on his return to Buffalo. He states that he intends to enter immediately upon the duties assigned him by the President, in the examination of the operations of the revenue and trade between this country and Canada under the reciprocity treaty. The appointment is an excellent one, and from the conceded ability and knowledge of the international business on our northwestern frontier which Mr. Hatch possesses, there can be no doubt that his report will be highly useful to the government.

Elections in Connecticut.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 3.—At the town election here to day the Republicans elected their entire ticket by a majority of about 100. For Town Clerk the vote stood: Giles Burley, Rep., 448; Dennis, Dem., 351.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 3.—In the City election, held here to-day, Silas C. Booth (Republican) was elected Mayor, over E. B. Goodsell (Democrat), by 85 majority—a gain of about 50. The Republicans also elect all the Aldermen, Councilmen, and other officers, by an average majority of about 8.

Attempt to Fire a Steamer.

St. Louis, Oct. 4.—The steamer W. M. Morrison, this P. M., was discovered on fire, in a room in the nursery, under the ladies' cabin, but the flames were easily extinguished. Soon after, at 3 P. M., fires were seen issuing from her texas, which, together with the contents were all destroyed. About $1,000 will repair the damage. The fire was the work of an incendiary, as a careful examination showed traces of combustible materials in different parts of the texas. Several such attempts to burn steamboats at our wharf have been repeatedly made.

Loss of a Steamboat.

POUGHKEEPSIE, OHIO, October 3.—The steamer Mary Cook, which left Cincinnati on Friday last, sunk last night at 9 o'clock, at the foot of Race on Island. She sunk in about seven feet of water, and can probably be raised again, in which event something will be saved. Loss about $12,000.

The Gift Concert.

The holder of the lucky number—1956—which drew the magnificent $500 Steinway & Sons' piano at the Gift Concert on Tuesday evening at Metropolitan Hall, was F. Crumbaugh, Esq., of the firm of Richards, Crumbaugh & Snow, a well known wholesale dry goods firm, No. 22 Lake street. Four tickets were held by different persons about the same establishment, which drew valuable prizes. The instrument was really of the value stated, and has drawn admiration for some weeks past at the music store of Messrs. Root & Cady, in Larmon block. Winners of other prizes, tapering down from gold watches, through the different grades of Attleboro jewelry, to silver thimbles, were hardly redeeming their several awards throughout yesterday.

One feature in the concert does not displease us, with all due appreciation of the exertions of the manager, who by means of some of our best resident talent made up a really excellent programme, which repaid everybody's outlay. We are scarcely sorry to hear that the expenses swallowed up the receipts so nearly as to leave very little profit—so much the better guarantee that we are not to be overrun with Gift Concerts, which we look upon as very questionable attractions. The one on Tuesday evening, it must be said, was carried through on the most unobtrusive and honest plan, so much the worse for the manager's profits.

Any one who was present at Metropolitan Hall at the hour of this drawing could but have been struck with the powerful hold such enterprises for the time being, possess upon the minds of all participants. The most breathless and spell bound silence held all that large audience, as the interest grew and multiplied with the nearness of the approach to the charmed list of numbers destined to bring their holders prizes of note.

And it is this class of occasions and such scenes, that keep alive in our communities the pernicious practice of lottery gambling. Many in such schemes as Gift Concerts are tempted to take a share from some outside local sympathy that leads them where the regular lottery vender would in vain seek their participation.

To one of this latter class on Tuesday evening fell the coveted prize, his practice showing that he holds it more than the remote chance of legitimate business, than the waiting on the favors of fickle fortune. But with these occasional participants are sure to follow the too numerous and deeply infatuated rank and file of lottery-ticket purchasers. There were those in Metropolitan Hall on Tuesday evening who we doubt not have paid out their hundreds, perhaps a thousand or two dollars in lottery gambling, and have almost uniformly drawn blanks—low and sober facts with palpitating hearts in the hope that the "fickle jade of deceiving, was to yield to them and their importunity. One said in our hearing as he passed from the hall, "I have spent $500 in lottery tickets and never drew but one prize."

We are glad to believe no one will be tempted from the manager's success on Tuesday evening to repeat the experiment. Everything of this class tends to feed the fast consuming fires that burn out from too many minds in our city communities the love of industry, diligence and purposes, in the greed for sudden gain, which is sure to leave its victim nothing but what falls to

Press & Tribune.

THURSDAY OCTOBER 6, 1859.

A SIGH OF GRATITUDE.

The article in the Chicago *Times* of yesterday in which the election of the Lecompton ticket in California is hailed with rejoicing, and in which Mr. Broderick and his friends are denounced as bolters and seceders from the Democratic party, will occasion more surprise outside of Illinois than in our own State, where people are so well acquainted with Mr. Douglas' facility of summersets, and with his habit of rewarding his enemies and punishing his friends. Of the three members of the U. S. Senate who opposed the Lecompton bill, it would appear therefore that the gallant Californian alone maintains the fight, Stuart and Douglas having rattled to the enemy, and the latter with tenfold meanness turning his guns against his early and faithful friend. All summer long have the Anti-Lecompton Democracy of the Golden State—known to themselves and to the world as the *Douglas* Democracy—battled against a superior foe. And now in the hour of their need and distress are they denounced and scoffed at by the very men for whom they labored—the very men who would have shouted themselves hoarse had they been victorious. If this is not the basest example in the political record of our times, it is certainly the most inexplicable.

THE STATE OF KANSAS.

The long struggle, reaching now over a period of five years, which has had for its purpose the freedom or slavery of Kansas, seems drawing to a close. On Tuesday last the vote was taken on the fourth constitution presented to the people of that Territory, and the indications thus far received assure us that it has been adopted by a very decisive majority. "Topeka," "Lecompton" and "Leavenworth" have had their several days, and are henceforth to be known only as mile stones on the highway of civilization and constitutional liberty, yet marking one of the grandest battles in the history of the human race. For though the excitement attending the struggle has been followed by a partial reaction, and though "bleeding Kansas" has become a by-word in the mouths of many well-meaning simpletons as well as many unblushing knaves, the fact that a five years' conflict was carried o i in the United States to give force and effect to the idea that all men are created equal, will rank with the noblest struggles in history. Let it be remembered that the central idea in this contest has not been the freedom of those who have fought the battle, but rather a belief in the God-given freedom of all men. Regarded as it will be by posterity, it is altogether separated from the taint of selfishness and rests squarely on the primitive rock of right principles. Its effects will so visible on every part of the continent in all time to come, and many of those who pronounced Kansas the key of American policy and progress, will live to see their prophecies fulfilled to the ultimate overthrow of slavery. The advantage which freedom has gained in that Territory can never be recovered. All the Cubas and Mexicos on the map will not suffice to offset it. The crucifixion of some hundreds of politicians, the dissolution of the Whig and the overthrow of the Democratic party—the most tangible evidences of the strife in our time—will be as nothing hereafter, compared with the fact that *here* slavery was fought from the soil, and barred an entrance to the vast domain between the Missouri and the Pacific, forever.

The question which presents itself immediately upon the adoption of the Wyandott Constitution, relates to the early admission of the State of Kansas into the Union. Undoubtedly it is not a measure of prudence for the Democratic party to hasten the admission before the next Presidential election. Yet we are confident that Kansas will be admitted before the adjournment of the next session of Congress. The House of Representatives is fully secured and committed to that policy, and however distasteful it might be to the Democracy to have a new free State with full voting powers in the Union, it would perhaps be more distasteful to them to assume the responsibility, through their President or their Senate, of keeping it out. If it has been so long the desire of that party to see the Kansas question removed from the halls of Congress and from the public mind, they will have the opportunity to aid the Republicans in removing it before they are many months older. Or, if they choose to rest their chances of another Presidential election on the Kansas issue, that opportunity will be equally at their command. We congratulate the friends of the Wyandott Constitution on the undoubted fact that the Democracy have had all they can stand of "bleeding Kansas."

REAL ESTATE IN ST. LOUIS.

The St. Louis papers, when speculation was rife in Chicago, were wont to amuse themselves with scolding at the folly of those who attended sales and bought property at enormous prices in this city; and we are bound in justice to say that some of their predictions of loss have been realized. But speculation, like the pip in chickens, is catching; and St. Louis, with all the prophylactics invented and applied by her journals, has not been able to resist the contagion. She has been laboring under the speculative fever for at least a year and a half, and is not yet convalescent, though from certain indications we suspect that the crisis of the disease is not far off. We, hereabouts, who have had the distemper in the natural way, are familiar with its minutest symptoms, and can make up an unfailing diagnosis. St. Louis will recover; but her convalescence will be long and tedious. The load of domestic indebtedness incurred for "fine suburban property," sold and bought at prices which make Chicago real estate moderate, and on *six years* time, will not easily be wiped out; and, as we room he went down cellar and up through the outer door, and has not been seen since. The other was taken to Elgin and bound over. When about half way to Geneva he said if they would take him back he would inform them of some others, saying that there were ten or twelve in the gang. The officer returned with him, and he gave the names of three, who are now in the Geneva jail awaiting their trial, which will come off next week. We are in hopes of getting the balance of them before that time, and have a general purifying of the place, which will be cause of congratulation to our farmers, who don't feel disposed to gratuitously support so many these hard times. D.

Gambling in Washington.

[Correspondence: Philadelphia Press.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2, 1859.

The natural feeling which exists in every civilized community against gambling, and which is periodically excited, and sometimes shows itself in popular disturbances of the most deadly character, has been aroused by a recent event, referred to in the Washington papers, resulting in a large loss to a stranger who had been decoyed into one of the gambling establishments of this city. Much as has been written on this subject, and much as it is denounced by the law enforced, who accept every statement as correct in regard to it, no matter how horrible, it is certain that nowhere in the United States is gambling carried on on so magnificent a scale as in this capital. A good many circumstances conspire to this state of things.

During the fashionable or Congressional season, when the hotels and boarding houses are filled, rich men come from all parts of the country, and having almost nothing to do but to enjoy themselves, there being no extensive places of amusement of a different character, they are readily attracted into the luxurious saloons where cards are cultivated, and where they find assembled, night after night, many agreeable and entertaining persons. There is another class known under the phrase of speculators—operators in contracts in the different departments, keen scented inquirers after large jobs of one kind and another, and their anxiety to make "influence," spend their own money freely. In these saloons may be found the most gorgeous entertainments spread for the gratification of the appetite, the most expensive wines, and the most abounding hospitality. It is surprising, in the height of the season, how much money is lost in a single night.

A gentleman well acquainted with the secrets of these resorts tells me that he has known as much as ten thousand dollars to be staked on a single game, and others have seen two or three thousand dollars hazarded on a single card, and in a single game. The character of the players is startling—they loose or win thousands without a sigh or a smile. Of course there are many who can afford this costly pastime; and they are calculated, cool, and lavish, they become examples to the young men who stand by and watch the struggle, and who are soon fascinated with the excitement of risking their little all in the same treacherous and uncertain lottery.

The hold which the passion for gaming at last obtains upon a man can scarcely be described. It has been so in all ages, and is so at the present day. The gambler is a sufficiently large savage as well as of the Christian—of the most ignorant as well as of the most intelligent. A young merchant of Boston, having habits of industry and a blameless life, until his election, in the little village where he was born, and where he is universally respected—almost before he knows it, is swept into this whirlpool of gaming. Frequently, the close of his first session finds him broken in health and ruined in fortune. I do not believe that, strange as is the vice of New York unquestionably is, there are more facilities offered by the adepts in gambling in that city than there are at certain hotels here. In Spain, California, France and Germany, we are told it is a common practice for the ladies to frequent the gaming tables. Happily, no such accusation can be made against the society of Washington. Even in private life, where whist and other games are tolerated, you never hear of a female risking money.

Fact, in which the better encounters the bank, is the prevailing game in these saloons, and although tables are set out at which what is called "brag," "poker," and other games are played, the principal fascination is the platform covered with green leather, behind which sits the imperturbable dealer, with his pale face, black eye, and monotonous "calls;" while on three sides are gathered, rising and standing, rank after rank of anxious and excited spectators, who, breathless with anxiety, watch the little cards as they are dealt from the tin box, and pick up their guns, or swallow their losses, with a silence only interrupted now and then by an angry exclamation or a quiet chuckle of exultation. Night is turned into morning, and the latter frequently surprises the contestants in the struggle. Occasionally a streak of luck befalls an outsider, which, like a prize in a lottery, is noon buzzed about, and becomes a sort of advertisement for the gambler. I do not pretend to say that there is fraud in these games, because it frequently happens that there is as much skill among the volunteers as there is in the principals of the establishments, but those who have taken pains to investigate the facts do not hesitate to say that, unless on extraordinary occasions, the bank is sure to beat those on the opposite side by some means or other. It is cautious have the keepers of these places become, that they are very careful whom they admit into their saloons, and it is to this caution during daily attacks, though assailed by all. Even now while I write this article, I am wholly ignorant whether I can procure its admission, except by paying for it at advertising prices, and that may be doubtful. Few public men have occupied such a position, especially where there were seven papers published at his door; but I hope to outlive it all: I think I see some signs that a better day is coming. In the language of immortal bard—

"Come what will, come what may,
Time and the hour run through the roughest day."

"Denunciation will not do now; we have either to argument, or a confession of judgment; I am indifferent which. I assert, as a legal proposition, what I think no respectable lawyer not a politician will hazard his professional reputation by denying, and that is: That slavery is now also virtually excluded from the Territory of Kansas and all other territory south of 36.30, now held by the United States, or hereafter to be acquired, in which slavery does not already exist. By the Missouri Compromise, slavery was legalized south of the Compromise line. And, in forming territorial governments, Congress would have protected it, at all events, we should have had a right to demand it; and if we could not get it there, we could not get it at all. That Compromise is now gone! And, with the power denied to Congress to legislate on the subject, there is no necessity for territorial law to prohibit it, for slavery stands virtually excluded for the want of legal security and protection.

"For it is manifest that, if slaves are carried there without laws to hold them in subjection and punish them for resistance to the authority of the master, they at once become free. And, if you wait for the settlement of a territory, when its population becomes sufficiently large to entitle it to admission as a State, before the slaveholder can go with safety, it will be settled by those only opposed to slavery altogether, and of course it will be prohibited. This brings me back to the point I have always maintained, and for which I have been condemned; that the only security the South had was in Congress, where the Constitution has lodged the power of legislation for the territories, and being so divided in population as to secure to the South itself of the duty and transfer it to the territorial legislature, that it has to divest itself of the slaveholding power, and transfer it to the State legislatures, and in that lies the unconstitutionality of *Squatter Sovereignty*. Suppose all the laws that relate to slave property in Virginia were repealed, titles relinquished, punishments abolished, what would we have then, but free negroes, or Lynch law to keep them in subjection in daily operation; and here, in an old settled slave State, from long habits of obedience, Lynch law might answer. But without law in a new territory, even Lynch law could not be resorted to, where there were Justices and Courts, and a population hostile to the existence of slavery.

"If such a condition of things should be anticipated here, how many would remain with their slave property to await the consummation? Why then should a slaveholder leave a State where his property is perfectly secured by law, and go into a territory where it becomes free for the want of it? And if they will not, then all the territories would be free to free territories, and all the new States, free States. And this is one of the first fruits of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; and this is more than the Free Soil party would have effected in the next twenty years, and all they ever aimed at.

"Now, if the admonitions offered to the South convince me of want of proper regard for the Southern interests, be it so; depend upon it, there are some men even still in the North; the intelligence of the country is not confined to the South, and if they have not already taken this ground, they will soon; and although upon all if they don't take it, the courts will take it for them, whenever the necessity arises.—And they are obliged to take it, because it is both law and constitution, and it is far better that the slaveholder who contemplates going to Kansas with his slaves, should examine this question thoroughly for himself, before he finds it too late, and his property has been sacrificed by listening to the counsels of unreflecting political partizans. The facts should not be withheld from the people merely to bolster up a weak, vacillating, broken down and corrupt Administration, which has endeavored to reinstate itself with the South. These are my honest convictions. I tried to impress them upon the South before the bill passed, and while yet they had it in their power to defeat it. Other counsels prevailed, and now we must wait the issue to ascertain who was right and who was wrong, but the consequences, be never bad, we cannot avoid."

JEFFERSONIAN REPUBLICANS.

A Den of Thieves Broken Up.

[Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.]

CLIFTONVILLE, Knox Co., Ill., Oct. 1, 1859.

For the last year or two there has been an extensive business carried on here in the way of cattle, grain, hams and honey stealing; but we have never been able to detect the thief in the act until last Monday. It appears that Sunday two of them killed a steer in the woods, about ten miles from here, and went with a team the same night after it; but it was so dark they lost their way and did not get out until daylight. Some men seeing them with the beef in the wagon, thought it would be well to follow their back track, and in the course of the day found where the steer had been killed and the hide covered up with old rubbish. A warrant was got out and search made of their premises, which resulted in finding beef, hams and honey, which had been stolen; also a large dry goods box sunk in the bottom of the cellar, nicely covered up with gravel. They arrested the two. One of them asked to go into a bed-room to change his clothes. Instead of going into the bed-

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

DIVORCES.—The divorce docket of the Supreme Court, now in session in Providence, R. I., contains eighty-three petitions for releases from the bonds of matrimony. The court appears determined to keep up with the business, having removed the yoke from the necks of twelve discontented couples in an hour.

TROUBLE IN LOUISIANA.—The gross violations of law in several of the parishes of Louisiana, both by the ordinary outlaws of society, and by the vigilance committees which have been organized to mete out summary justice to them, have at length become so flagrant as to necessitate the interference of the Executive of the State. Governor Wickliffe, after issuing a proclamation which he found of no avail, has himself gone to the scene of disorder, with a view of aiding, by his presence, in the restoration of peace.

BURNED TO DEATH.—The dwelling of John Abreen, situated some two or three miles east of Liberty, Sullivan county, N. Y., was destroyed by fire on the 26th ult. Two of his children who were in the house at the time were burned to death.

TERRIBLE CASUALTY.—A CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.—Little Mollie Fowler, a bright little child of five years of age, a daughter of Oscar Fowler, living on Green street, between Fifth and Sixth, was burned to death under the following circumstances: About four o'clock, Sunday evening, she, with a little brother, went into her grandfather's (Philibert) carpenter shop, and lighted a fire in a little toy stove; the fire soon means her clothes caught fire, and before the flames could be extinguished she was so shockingly burned as to cause her death yesterday evening, after suffering great agony.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

☞ The following is a funeral sermon lately preached in Ohio by a Buckeye clergyman: "I have been hedged, importuned and entreated to preach this occasion, but I don't want to do it. I never did like the man; I never knew nothing good of him. He had horses, and he had cows; he had cooks, and he had them; I have heard he was occasionally good at fires. The bearers will please remove the body, and sing the following hymn:

"With measure we delight to race
The cows removed."

☞ A gentleman having been invited by an acquaintance, to attend divine service with him, at a fashionable church, the beams, rafters, etc., of which, according to modern custom, were left exposed, was asked: "Well, Mr. ——, how do you like the looks of our new church?" "Well," was the reply, "after ye get it *lathed and plastered*, it won't be a very unsightly lookin' consarn."

VERY REMARKABLE.—The Boston *Herald* puts forth an account of the death of Henry Black, of Newport, Penn., who undertook to sever the head of a hen, and was attacked by a rooster, which sprang upon him on the back of the latter. About two weeks after the accident he was attacked with intense pain, a sickening sensation of the heart, and his suffering became unbearable. At this date a remarkable occurrence took place. He drew his entire frame together as though to gain strength for an act, and his voice broke forth like the crowing of a rooster. This was repeated from time to time, and such was the similarity of voices, that the outside listeners assured their belief that it was a rooster. After four days of indescribable suffering he died and crowed no more.

Dry Goods.

FALL DRY GOODS.

T. B. CARTER

136 Lake Street,

Is daily receiving additions to his immense stock of

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

Has now in store a large assortment of

RICH SILKS

In Robes and by the yard.

De Laines of Elegant Styles & Patterns

MERINOES of all Shades and Prices,

VALLENCIAS, CALLICOES & GINGHAMS,

EMBROIDERIES OF THE CHOICEST STYLES

Cloaks and Dusters

Of the Latest Patterns,

SHAWLS OF ALL KINDS.

Ladies' and Gents Undershirts and Drawers,

The best and cheapest stock in town.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES

For Men and Boys.

Table Linens, Towellings, Sheetings, Blankets for Housekeeping,

The Best Stock in Market.

Also a large stock of HOSIERY, GLOVES, LACES, RIBBONS, ETC.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

Great Carpet Hall,

135 & 137 LAKE-ST., UP STAIRS.

Hollister & Wilkins,

Have on sale a large and superior assortment of

MEDALLION, WILTON, TAPESTRY-VELVETS, ENGLISH TAPESTRY AND BODY BRUSSELS, THREE-FLY, TAPESTRY INGRAIN, SUPERFINE INGRAIN and STAIR

CARPETINGS.

—ALSO—

MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, MATS,

Window Shades and Curtain Goods

In great variety, with Trimmings to match.

41 LASALLE STREET.

ZEPHYR WORSTED,

DOUBLE, SINGLE AND SPLIT

Shetland Wool, &c.

A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

Every color and quality of

Woolen Yarn.

Knitted Hoods, Talma Capes and Scalags; Misses and Infants Jackets, Sacks, Mittens, Gaiters, &c., of our own manufacture.

A large and well selected stock of

Ladies', Children's and Men's Woolen Hosiery

Of the best quality for first class city trade.

New and Beautiful designs to commenced and finished Slippers in Worsted and Chenille.

41 LASALLE STREET, (Sherman House Lane and Randolph.)

SUTTON & BURKETT.

se14-646t 2m

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL,

ON FIFTH AVENUE,

At the Intersection of Broadway, opposite Madison Square

NEW YORK.

To be Opened August 23d, 1859.

This location is the most desirous of any in this great metropolis, being the most healthy, delightful, and central in the city, and has been selected and constructed by the Hudson River and Boston Rail road Depots.

The entire exterior appearance of the establishment are the result of mature study and experience, and render it the most comfortable private home its kind in the world.

All the improvements that comfort and convenience have suggested, have been introduced.

Every precaution has been taken, during construction, to guarantee perfect safety of guests from the danger of conflagration. Sandstone double brick walls extend from the foundation to the roof. All of the floors are double, and are separated by a layer of cement, making the entire building fireproof.

Among other important improvements, in addition to the usual elevators, a Vertical Railway is entirely completed to convey guests from the first to the upper floors, upon a plan which admits of a constantly ascending motion.

Lofty, spacious and continuous corridors, forming a promenade of eight hundred feet, upon each of the six stories, give light and air, in the highest degree, to every apartment.

A library and reading room are supplied to enable lirawing Rooms and Parlors, connecting which and the Dining Room there is a grand Promenade Hall. All of the Parlors, Bedrooms, Chambers and Drawing Rooms, with all the public conveniences, are especially designed for the comfort of families, travelling parties, and single guests.

The Hotel contains a Swimming Fountain of the day, and all the conveniences for connected Baths, with hot and cold water, have been added to the many other features of the Hotel, and there is a Telegraph Office connecting with all parts of the country.

A Billiard and Chess Rooms of the most approved style and appointments, are provided for the use of guests and the public.

The Furniture, and every article of use in the establishment, has been expressly designed and manufactured for the FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

All communications for apartments, or upon any business connected with the house, please direct to "FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL, New York," and the utmost care will be taken.

The entire organization of this Hotel has been under the direction of Mr. James Peters, late Superintendent of Revere and Tremont Houses in Boston, and Astor and Metropolitan Houses in New York.

se24-m&w3m

PITCHCOCK, DARLING & CO.

ALCOHOL.—

PURE ALCOHOL, (98 per ct.)

On hand and for sale by

UNDERWOOD & CO.,

se21-m&s-1m 102 South Water street.

Dry Goods.

WE WILL EXHIBIT

ON MONDAY, Oct. 24,

An Auction purchase of several hundred lots of

Rich Silks, Silk Robes, Stella Shawls,

BROCHE SHAWLS, LONG SHAWLS,

Printed French De Laines,

French Merinos, Rich Embroideries, Blankets,

FLANNELS,

And a complete assortment of GENERAL DRY GOODS of almost every description. These goods have all been bought much below the Importing and Manufacturing cost, and will be sold much less than they can be.

BOUGHT ELSEWHERE IN THIS CITY.

We are in daily receipt of new and choice goods of every description

FROM AUCTION,

Importers and Manufacturers Direct.

And have always in store a rock isomparably

LARGER, RICHER, CHOICER, AND CHEAPER,

Than any in this city, that any comparison is simply absurd.

W. M. ROSS & CO.,

167 & 169 ..... Lake Street. ..... 167 & 169

TRIMMINGS, CORSETS,

EMBROIDERIES,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, SKIRTS,

—AND—

UNDER GARMENTS.

Cash Jobbing and Retail!

A. GRAVES,

78 . . LAKE STREET. . . 78

We have just opened a complete stock of

Ladies' Dress & Cloak Trimmings,

SHAWL BORDERS, ETC.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES,

Of all kinds, including a fine lot of French and Scotch Sets. Robes, Bands, Edgings, Imitation and Real Thread Valls, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, &c., &c.

A large lot of

FRENCH AND GERMAN CORSETS,

A full line of the "Worsop," "Dash in," and "Natural Shape Skirts"—the three best styles in the market.

A full assortment of Ladies, Gents, and Children's

UNDER GARMENTS.

In Silk, Merino and Cashmere. The best styles of HOSIERY, GAUNTLETS AND GLOVES

Including ALEXANDER'S KIDS.

A few of the novelties in the best manufactured

Woolen Goods,

Such as the PRINCESS CAPE, SHAWLS, SONTAGS, PALMA COPES, &c., &c.

An extensive stock of PARTY FANS and FAIRY NAMENTS, and every description of BUTTONS, YARNS, THREADS, BINDINGS, and DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Wearo offering our stock on the

Most Favorable Terms for Cash.

We have taken great pains to make each department complete in itself and respectfully ask an examination.

N. B.—Our Wholesale Stock of Double, Single, Split, and Scotland Wools is as complete and prices low.

A. GRAVES,

(SUCCESSOR TO C. T. ATKINSON,)

78 . . Lake Street, Chicago. . . 78

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

A. G. DOWNS & CO.,

No. 150 . . Lake Street . . No. 150

are now offering a

Superb Stock of Black and Fancy

DRESS SILKS,

AND AT PRICES DEFYING COMPETITION.

—ALSO—

PLAIN AND FIGURED WOOL DE LAINES, CASHMERES AND FRENCH MERINOES.

Stoves.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

—AT—

ALLEN & DALTON'S,

71.....LAKE STREET.....71

Where may be bought at very low prices for Cash

COOK STOVES of various patterns,

PARLOR STOVES for Wood and Coal.

OFFICE STOVES for Hard and Soft Coal.

BOX STOVES for Hotels and R. R. Depots, &c.

RUSSIA IRON AIR TIGHT STOVES,

Also the famous Hard Coal Burner

RADIATOR.

Plain, Planished & Japaned Tinware, Housekeeping Goods in General.

Stoves cleaned and set up at short notice. Remember the place

71 . . LAKE STREET. . . 71

JAS. T. ALLEN. ..... JAS. P. DALTON.

GREATEST STOVE

OF THE AGE!

Henderson's

Smoke and Gas Burner,

THE

ALBANIAN

HEATING STOVE.

Perfectly consumes the SMOKE and GAS, and all that there is in Coal to burn.

It will burn the POOREST KINDS OF COAL.

It does NOT CLINKER nor become FOUL.

It radiates the HEAT into the LOWER PART OF THE ROOM.

It possesses all the advantages ever introduced in a Heating Stove, and is in all respects the most perfect

Generator and Radiator of Heat

AND ECONOMIZER OF COAL

Ever Invented.

THE ALBANIAN

s for sale in this city by

W. F. BEECHER, Agent,

se17-m&s-1m 182 Clark street.

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE

STILL AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of this well-known Cook Stove still maintains its lead. The genuine article for sale only by C. METZ, Agent, at 169 State street, between Lake and Randolph, or at good manufacturer's prices.

se27-m&s-1m

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

Worcestershire Sauce,

Pronounced by Connoisseurs to be the

ONLY GOOD SAUCE,

And applicable to every variety of Dishes.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester

MAY, 1851.

"Tell Lea & Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

Beware of Counterfeits!

In Soce.—In gravy, with Fish, Meats, Game, Salad dressing, &c., &c., LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE imparts piquancy, zest and flavor; gives a tone to the stomach, suits a digestion, and promotes health.

OUR DINING TABLE.—Families are discontinuing the use of a restaurant, and obtaining a cruet of Lea & Perrins' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Sold by all respectable Grocers and Dealers.

Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,

Grocers, 400 Broadway, New York.

A stock always in store. Also orders received for direct shipments from England.

se27 2m&s-2m

RAGS, RAGS, RAGS.—

The highest market price in

Cash Paid for Rags

—AT THE—

RAG WAREHOUSE,

246 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO.

(Between Franklin and Market Sts.)

W. D. MILLER.

Cash paid for Old Rope, Canvas, Bagging, Waste Papers, Binders Shavings, Pasteboard, Spoiled Sheets, Metals, &c.

se26-m&s-3m

RICH TOILET AND FANCY GOODS, COLOGNE AND OLOE BOTTLES,

Parian Vases and Figures,

Writing Desks and Jewel Boxes

Of the Newest Styles in Great Variety just received at

GALE BROTHERS,

Family Prescription Store, 200 RANDOLPH STREET.

STRASBURGH CELEBRATED

EQUAVE OINTMENT,

NECTARINE OIL,

And Shampoo Lotion.

Manufactured and for sale by GRENNEBAUM & CO., 163 West Randolph street, Chicago, Ill.; is also for sale by Wholesale and Retail by PENTON & CO., 94 Lake street, cor. Dearborn, and F. & M. HOOKER, 84 Lake street, Chicago, and by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

se30-m&s-4w&w

GREENEBAUM & CO.

CLOTHIERS,

And Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

No. 163 West Randolph street, Chicago, Ill.,

Is also for sale by Wholesale and Retail by PENTON & CO., 94 Lake street, cor. Dearborn, and F. & M. HOOKER, 84 Lake street, Chicago, and by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada.

se30-m&s-4w&w

CHICAGO MARBLE COMPANY

Organized July 1, 1859. Office and Manufactory, corner of State and Washington Streets.

O. SHERMAN, J. H. WILLIS, S. W. PRICKETT.

We are formed a Joint Stock Company, under the general law of the State, with a cash in capital of $60,000, for the purpose of manufacturing Marble in all its branches.

Safes, Locks, &c.

WILDER'S

SALAMANDER SAFES.

WE ARE NOT GOVERNED

By New York Prices.

We shall meet the market, and

DO A LITTLE BETTER THAN ANY OTHER SAFE HOUSE IN THE WORLD!

OVER ONE HUNDRED SOLD

Since January Last!

PRATT & WORCESTER, Agents,

197 South Water street.

LILLIE'S IMPROVED

Safes and Locks.

—SOLD BY—

E. J. WOOLLEY,

At Fairbanks' Scale Depot,

No. 35 Lake street, Chicago, Ill.

se2-1m93-1y

CHICAGO BANK AND HOUSE

Lock Manufactory,

The subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have opened

A BRANCH OF THEIR NEW YORK HOUSE

In the city of Chicago, where they intend manufacturing and offering for sale at Wholesale

Bank, Prison, Safe and House Locks

—AND—

House Trimmings.

Having availed ourselves of the latest improvements in machinery for the fabricating of our work, we are enabled to offer our stock at reduced prices.

Particular attention will be given to the Bell Hanging and Jobbing Department.

DAY, HEWELL & MINER,

my24-6m 35 South Franklin st., Chicago.

Furniture, &c.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS.

JOHN WEST,

111 . . . 4 Lake Street. . . . 111

Will sell his entire stock of

CARPETS,

Curtain Materials, Oil Cloth, &c.,

AT AND

Under Cost Price.

Curtain Trimmings, Cornices, &c.,

AT HALF PRICE.

Velvet Carpets,

Brussels Carpets,

Three Ply Carpets,

Ingrain Carpets,

Stair Carpets.

JOHN WEST.

NO. 111.....LAKE STREET.....NO. 111

FURNITURE—

MARSH BROTHERS,

110 RANDOLPH & 106 LAKE ST.,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR

FALL STOCK

From New York, Boston

and Philadelphia.

Our customers, and any wishing to purchase, may be sure of finding

RICHER GOODS,

LARGER STOCK,

and LOWER PRICES,

than we have ever before offered.

SPRING BEDS,

MATTRASSES,

and SOFAS.

Of our own manufacture.

We are Manufacturing and Purchasing largely

AND SELLING FOR CASH,

AT LOWER PRICES,

than any other House IN THE WEST.

MARSH BROTHERS,

110 Randolph St. 106 Lake St.

ELEGANT FURNITURE.—

C. MORGAN,

199 . . . Lake Street . . . 199

Is now selling his large and beautiful stock of

ROSEWOOD, MAHOGANY, OAK AND WALNUT FURNITURE.

At less than New York cost. It is one of the largest and best selected Furniture Houses West of the Lakes, and will be sold for Cash at Cost, and many articles of splendid

Rosewood and Mahogany

For much less than cost. Among the numerous articles comprising this stock, are New and Most Elegant Suits of

Parlor, Bedroom and Library in Suits,

—OF—

ROSEWOOD, MAHOGANY, WALNUT AND OAK

CHAMBER SUITS,

From $14 to $150. Also Three of every kind,

SECRETARIES, BUREAUS, LIBRARY CHAIRS OF

Every description. Prices ranging from $4 to $50. In short every kind of Furniture for

HOUSE FURNISHING,

May be had at the Lowest Cash Prices, by applying as above.

P. S.—I am also constantly receiving new Furniture from New York and Boston of the Latest Styles, Most Approved Patterns, and of the most substantial and durable make.

my7-17

BABCOCK & PEEK,

[Successors to Willard, Peek & Co.]

171.....Randolph Street.....171

MAHOGANY, ROSEWOOD AND WALNUT, ALSO CHAMBER, DINING-ROOM AND COMMON

FURNITURE,

In Great Variety.

Wood Seat and Cane Seat Chairs, Bedsteads and Bureaus.

☞ Particular Attention paid to Country Orders, and to Furnishing Hotels, etc. se17-m&s-1y

Opticians.

LOUIS MAUS,

Practical Optician,

Late with Benj. Pike & Sons, New York

.....SOUTH CLARK STREET.....

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

Largest and choicest assortment of Optical and Mathematical goods in the Northwest.

Best crystals alone and genuine Brazilian Pebble Spectacles constantly on hand. Also, Opera Glasses, Telescopes, Microscopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Hydrometers, Stereoscopes, Magic Lanterns, &c., &c. All goods are sold at the lowest New York prices. 6m18-m&s-1y

EYE AND EAR.

DR. UNDERWOOD,

Formerly of Louisville, Ky., now of Chicago, Illinois, the distinguished operator on the Eye and Ear, is now permanently giving sight to the Blind, Speech to the Dumb, and Hearing to the Deaf. Over fifty thousand persons, in this country, have been received by Dr. U. within the last eighteen years. Persons from a distance can have home and board during treatment, if they desire it. Many others who desire to be made blind and deaf for many years, have had their sight and hearing restored instantly by dallying with artificial eyes, and false claims. We have long suffered from disease have been speedily and perm anently cured by mild and gentle means. Patients at a distance can have medicines sent them, (where surgical operations are not required,) by giving a description of their cases.

☞ Office 61 south Clark street. se15 1y d&w

Millinery.

M. S. HECKLE,

No. 68—Lake Street—No. 68

NEW TRIMMING STORE AND NEW GOODS,

Consisting of Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Shawl Borders, Corsets, and a general assortment of Tarred Goods.

Would offer at the lowest prices the best styles of Skirts. The New Worse Skirt we would call attention to as being superior to all others. M. S. HECKLE,

se18-m&s-1m No. 68 Lake street.

NEW GOODS.—Just received

from New York, a choice assortment of Fall and Winter Millinery Goods. Patterns Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Round, Head Dresses Caps, &c. For sale cheap for cash by Mrs. E. A. & D. GOODS, No. 87 Lake street, under Tremont House, for EDWARD S. L. RICHARDSON, Proprietor. se13 1m&s

HAIR BRUSHES,

TOOTH BRUSHES,

NAIL BRUSHES,

DRESSING COMBS and Perfumery.

For sale cheap by

Stebbins & Crampton,

No. 124 Clark street, corner Madison.

TOILET GOODS, COMBS

BRUSHES, PERFUMERY,

and everything found in a first-class Drug Store, for sale by STEBBINS & CRAMPTON,

198 Clark street, cor. Madison.

Medicines, &c.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

Never Debilitates.

It is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, a standard Medicine, known and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured more cases of Chronic Diarrhœa, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Colic, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Jaundice, Dropsy, Scrofula, Weakness, and any and all diseases arising from Impurities of the Blood, or Weakness, and may be used successfully as an alterative in nearly all diseases, in one or two or three Teaspoonfuls at intervals of an hour or two, as the urgency of the case requires.

All who are using it are giving testimony to its virtues.

☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

Sanford's Family Cathartic Pills,

PURE VEGETABLE EXTRACTS, and put up in GLASS CASES AIR TIGHT, AND WILL KEEP IN ANY CLIMATE.

The Family Cathartic Pills, is a medicine that we believe to be more universally needed in the human family than any other Cathartic which the market affords, and one that produces more than twenty years.

The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used them, and the satisfaction which they give in every case of use, has induced many to recommend them to the afflicted, as the best Cathartic Extracts, which act directly on the Liver, and in every part of the alimentary canal, and are safe, and certain in their action. In those cases where a Cathartic is needed, such as Derangements of the Stomach, Bowels, Piles, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Pain and Soreness over the whole body, from sudden cold, which frequently, if neglected, is the cause of Fever, Loss of Appetite, a Creeping Sensation of Cold over the whole body, Headache, Pain in the Back, Loins and Kidneys, all Inflammatory Diseases, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great Purifier of the Blood, and in fact, where a Cathartic is held, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.

Price Three Dollars per Box.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large cities.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,

se24-m&s-1y Manufacturer and Proprietor, 35 Broadway, N. Y.

MORE TO BE ADMIRED

THAN THE

RICHEST DIADEM

EVER

Worn by Kings or Emperors.

What? Why a Beautiful Head of Hair.

Because it is the richest ornament God Almighty ever for all our race. Reader, although the rose may bloom ever so bright in its glowing cheek, the eye so clear so sparkling, or the hair so starlike and abundant, and so nobby, or the form so symmetrical, it will be of little worth to you, if you have not hair to match. Then, if you are growing prematurely secure to a limited extent. Read the following and judge. The writer of the following is a resident of one of New York cities, and needs neither recommendation or introduction.

NEW YORK, April 19, 1858.

DR. WOOD:—Dear Sir: Permit me to express to you the obligations I am under for the entire restoration of my hair to its original color, which at the time of my arrival in the United States it was rapidly becoming gray, but upon the application of your "Hair Restorative" it soon resumed its original hue. I consider your Restorative as a very wonderful invention, and will gladly recommend it to my friends.

I am, dear sir, yours truly, S. THALBERG.

"Depot 474 Broadway."

With Newspaper office, 13 Nassau-st., April 22, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD:—Dear Sir: Some month or six weeks ago I received a bottle of your Hair Restorative and gave it my wife, who concluded to try it on her hair. It is making a fine growth on the gray head as well as the bald, and I believe it will restore the natural color. I have no doubt that the above flattering testimonials will induce many to give it a trial. Yours truly, SAMUEL G. COMSTOCK.

CHARLES CARTER, Jr., Also, Commissioner for the Merchant's State of Connecticut, for taking Affidavits, &c., 35 Merchant's Exchange, New York.

M. HARDY, Notary Public, 35 Merchant's Exchange, New York.

PROO

...edicines, &c.

...D'S LIVER INVIGO...

...ver Debilitator...

...entirely from Roots, and has become an ...dard Medicine known and approved ...t, and is now resorted to with confi... for which it is recommended.

...ons and ... Chronic Diarrhœa, Summer Complaints, Dysentery, Piles, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Colic, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Female Weaknesses, and may be used unconditionally as an Ordinary Family Medicine. It will cure SICK HEADACHE, as thousands can testify, in twenty minutes, if two or three Teaspoonfuls are taken at commencement of attack.

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

☞ Notice.—The undersigned, Stockholders in the Merchant's Bank of Macon Georgia, are by the provisions of its Charter, made personally liable for its issues. The notes of this bank will be taken by us on deposit on the same terms as Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio.

H. A. TUCKER & CO.

☞ Dr. Seelye's Liquid Catarrh Remedy.—Warranted to be a sure and permanent cure for Catarrh Office room, 11 Merchant's Exchange, corner of Lake and Wells Street. A circular, with full particulars of disease, &c., sent to any address upon the receipt of a penny postage stamp. 8y21 G66 6m.

Banking and Exchange.

L. A. WILLARD OFFERS HIS ...ervices as Adjuster to all who may be embarrassed, and who, for the good of creditors, feel compelled to make assignments of their property. He will also act as trustee, on account of misfortunes and losses, unable to meet their liabilities in full, or to compromise with their creditors, or to creditors who fearing such inability to pay, wish to effect security or make compromise with their debtors.

The unfortunate goal having had the management and settlement of many estates, and being well and favorably known to the ...promises in Eastern, Western and Southern Cities to the amount of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars during the past years, has gained information and experience that will enable him to settle estates with satisfaction to all parties and dispatch.

Collections made and avails promptly remitted. Information and advice free of charge.

Special reference is made to

Hon. Van H. Higgins, L. C. Freer, Esq.,
" Mark Skinner, " Walter L. Newberry, "
" Isaac Cook, " and Jewett, C. G. Hammond, Esq.,
L. D. Boone, M. D., " Chas. Randall, "
Col. Joseph Fay, " J. T. Edwards, Esq.,
" N. S. Bouton, " and H. Dunham, Esq.

L. A. WILLARD,
Office with L. E. Alexander & Co.
Corner of Clark and Lake street.

L. E. ALEXANDER & CO'S. BANK OF DEPOSIT.

Collections, Exchange and Banking Agency. Collections. Exchange on all points in Europe, Canada, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, St. Louis and South and West.

☞ Collections made in any part of the United States, Canadas and Europe. L. E. ALEXANDER & CO., Bankers, and Clark st., corner Lake st.

BUDD & BALDWIN,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE.
CLAYTON, - - - Iowa.

Special attention given to collections, and proceeds remitted promptly.

Refer to the Bank of the Commonwealth, N. Y.; Market Bank, N. Y.; Mechanics Bank, New Haven; Ocean C. A. Lombard, Esq., Boston; Allen, Copp & Nesbit, St. Louis; Cook & Frost, Galena, Ill.; Bank of Illinois, Peoria.

F. G. SALTONSTALL & CO.,
COMMISSION, STOCK & BOND BROKERS,
No. 24 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

State Bonds for Banking purposes and Railroad Stocks of every description bought and sold. Gold and Bank notes by telegraph. Quotations received daily.

Ill Stocks and Bonds purchased and delivered at New York rates, adding Commission. 1y22mch

Refer to Messrs. Ogden, Tyndale & Co., Chicago, Ill. J. C. ASHLEY.

MAXWELL & DART.
BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS,
No. 50 Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Business paper and loans negotiated. Advances made on Stock securities. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the Comm sions. All orders promptly attended to.

The highest price paid for old Pianos in exchange for new. Those in want of a Piano will find it to their interest to call. He has made arrangements with those three most extensive and reliable houses in the East in the manufacture of Pianos, Forte Melodeons, and the publication of Music, for the exclusive agency in this State, for the sale of all overall including Musical Merchandize. ☞ References—The highest in the State. Pianos Tuned and Repaired. Parlor Organs, Piano Forten, can be given at 45 Lake street, in the large iron Front Block. ja15-1y66-1y

PUBLISHED BY
J. P. JEWETT & CO., BOSTON
And just received by
Root & Cady,
...Clark street, Chicago.....93

THE NEW CONGREGATIONAL
HYMN AND TUNE BOOK.
For Public, Social, and Private Worship. By Rev. Ella Nason. 8vo; Cloth pp, 316. Price 75c.

The Wesleyan Sacred Harp,
A Collection of Choice Hymns and Tunes for Prayer, Class and Camp Meetings, Church, and Congregational Singing. By Rev. W. McDonald, and Rev. Messrs. Merrill, Haven, S. Hubbard Esq., author of "Musical Gems," Temperance Melodist, etc., 12 mo, pp. 300. Price 90c.

THE NEW
TEMPERANCE MELODIST,
Designed expressly for the Temperance Organizations of the country. By Messrs. Hubbard, Fay, Meacham & Co., and the author of "Songs of Canaan," Musical Gems, etc., etc. 12 mo, pp. 131. Price 50c.

ROOT & CADY,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in all kinds of Singing Books, Musical Instruments, &c.

JULIUS BAUER,
99 . . . South Clark St., . . . 99
Importer and wholesale dealer in Musical Instruments, Strings and Sheet Music. Also Sole Agent for the Celebrated Piano Fortes of Emerson, Gray & Co., Boston. Will receive taken in exchange for new Pianos, etc. Melodeon to rent. Pianos, Melodeons and Guitars repaired, and improved upon all other instruments. All orders thankfully received and promptly executed by addressing JULIUS BAUER.
No. 99 South Clark Street.

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER Machine again victorious.

$1,000 Offered for its Equal
—AT THE—
U. S. FAIR.

Immense Sale of over 35,000.

WE BUY NO PREMIUMS,

Give Committee no Machines

And never purchase Silver Pitchers at a cost of $100.

These Machines have a world-wide reputation, and as a

Family Sewing Machine

Have no equal. This we can prove to any one who will call at our office. They have repeatedly taken

The First Premium

Over all others at hundreds of

Fairs throughout the United States

Also, the Premium

AT THE U. S. FAIR.

Educational.

SLOAN'S DOUBLE CHAIN OF American and Foreign
COMMERCIAL COLLEGES.
The Great Central.

The oldest and most extensive in the West is situated in Metropolitan Church Block, Chicago, Ills.

Other Colleges connected with this will be located at all commercial centers in the world. The advantages are greater and the charges not half any other Commercial College in America. Full information will be furnished gratis on application at the College or by letter. Late Scholarship only $65 00. Applicants enclose two letter stamps.

Address T. J. SLOAN,
President and Proprietor.

GARDEN CITY INSTITUTE—
No. 78 Harrison street, near State. The Eighth School Year will commence on Monday, Sept. 6th, 1869. Terms from $6 to $12, according to the studies pursued. For further particulars apply from 8 to 9 o'clock, A. M., to
au20-3d7d 2m H. O. SNOW, Principal.

F. G. BERTEAU'S ENGLISH and French Day and Boarding School for Young Ladies, No. 5 and 12 Clark street, corner of Erie. This institution opened in 1857, combines all the advantages of the best schools in the East. The number of pupils is limited.

For particulars and references see circular, which may be obtained at the Institution, or at S. C. Griggs & Co., Lake street, No. 39 and 41.

The next Term will begin on Tuesday, September 20th, and ends June 30th.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S
CHAIN OF
Mercantile Colleges.

Located at Chicago, New York, Philadelphia, Albany, Buffalo, Cleveland and Detroit. Schools pagged through the entire Chain. Consolidation of Bryant & Stratton's Mercantile College" and "Bell's Commercial College," now in operation at 78 Dearborn street, Chicago. Full, practical, and thorough instruction in Business, Penmanship, Commercial Calculations, Commercial Law, Banking, Correspondence, &c. Send for Illustrated Circular and Catalogue of thirty pages furnished gratuitously. Address Principal at Chicago, Ill.

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au20 3d7d-2m O. T. SNOW, Principal.

DEARBORN SEMINARY, No. 181 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

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au5-2m-584

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For Males and Female. No. 160 West Monroe street, Chicago, Ill. The next term will commence on Monday, Sept. 12th, 1869. For circulars apply to A. B. Bryan, Druggist, corner West Madison and Paulina streets, or address

H. O. SHILES, Principal, P. O. Box 1799
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Press & Tribune.

OUR FOREIGN LETTERS.

A Notable Irish Funeral—Town Waters Follow—An Irish Breakfast.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]
Mucross, Ireland, Sept. 9, 1869.

Last evening, after returning from a delightful sail on the Lakes of Killarney, I met near the landing an Irish funeral procession. It was not in motion; the hearse was surrounded by a group of men and women, but chiefly women, dressed more tidily than usual, many of them having shoes on their feet, and with very decent woolen cloaks drawn over their heads. The older women wore lace caps, and the younger were bare headed. They were talking loudly when we passed, and had more the appearance of a mob than a funeral. The hearse stood in the middle, crowned with stiff, brownish black plumes, the coffin raised into full view. It contained the remains of a young man, a soldier in the army, who had lingered with consumption for seven weeks, and had just died. He had left a wife without any means of support. From the appearance of all whom we saw in the throng, we should have as soon thought it a wedding as a funeral. No grief or sadness was in any face. The outside ranks of the crowd were idly laughing and talking, while, as I said, there was some dispute among those nearest the hearse. We walked on to the Abbey, tarrying a few moments at the hotel. Arriving at the old ruin, we saw that the funeral procession was already there. As we entered the graves which surround the ruin, the sound of wailing was plainly heard. It was not unlike that which you, reader, have heard at an Irish wake. On turning the corner of the Abbey, as strange a picture of life and death as I ever met, encountered my eye. The coffin was on the ground, half a dozen women were bending over it, wringing their hands, and uttering the most passionate exclamations of grief. Once in a while a wail went up which would almost pierce the skies. Close by, directly under the walls of the Abbey, not six feet from it, two men were opening a grave. They talked fondly and carelessly about their work, about their neighbors, about anything which came uppermost. Sitting on the graves all around, and indeed even on the very feet of the two men who were digging, were women in their woolen cloaks, and men laughing, making small jokes and smart answers, with two or three thoughtful faces only among them. The wife sat on the ground at the head of the coffin, and would be for ten minutes at a time impassive and still, and then would break into sobs, and wailing, and loud expressions of grief. Sometimes she would be accompanied by those who were near; sometimes quite alone. A crazy girl was in the throng, dressed in a most stalterly way, and the young men, some of whom were half intoxicated, would chase her up and down the graves, while she would laugh in a wild fashion, and talk to them with that strange tongue which clears the water's brain. "Directly sur, in ten minutes." Ten minutes pass in silence and no waiter appears. Another pull at the bell. "Breakfast, waiter," I utter crustily again. "Directly, sur, in about ten minutes." Oh, that word "about," it is an excellent nail to hang delays on. A half hour elapses, and no sign of approaching breakfast. The coffee room door opens and in come the other five of our goodly American party, hunger being written in plain characters on the Indian file. I saw a skull roll down to the very side of a woman who was merry about some little joke, and she heeded it no more than if it had been a stone. The whole was conducted without a priest, or any religious service whatever, and there was none at the house, as I was told, before the procession left. I cannot convey to you by letter, as I can with a friend a little way off, leaning on an old gravestone, and watched it all; the faces of some covered with smiles, while their eyes were yet red with weeping; the group of listless, laughing ones, who sat at the very side of the men who were opening the grave; the bones and coffin-boards thrown down carelessly out; the two grave-diggers, as indifferent to their solemn work as the two in Hamlet; the lunatic woman, who had thrown away the wreath of flowers, like Ophelia; the wife, on the ground, in her passionate sorrow, the quaint talk of the old women about their clothes and trifling things, while the sun was throwing his last beams on the strange spectacle. Soon the grave was opened, the coffin quietly laid in, all the earth and bones and coffin-boards thrown back in promiscuous confusion, the young deceased soldier lay in the very grave where his father and brothers lie—only the bones had to be cast out when some other one of his family follows him; and all this because that special spot is hallowed by the shadow of a crumbling Abbey. With sad hearts, my friend and I left the ruin, and spent a quiet, thoughtful half-hour in the closetered seclusion of the ruins. This Irish funeral has been one of the spectacles which I shall not forget.

The next morning we visited Tore Waterfall, one of the charming sights of the lakes of Killarney, where four little streams come tumbling down a hundred feet or more, in the midst of solitude and shade, making one of the sweetest freshets of water and of nature that I have ever seen. Ascending a rude pathway, we found at the top of the fall a clearing in the trees (one which is rapidly filling up) of two of the lakes of Killarney. The view is more beautiful than that of Winnipesogee from Red Hill, New Hampshire, of which all my readers have heard, because the surroundings of the Lakes of Killarney, instead of being a rude and wild, are in the highest state of tillage, while the residences of palaces, ruined castles and monasteries, and pretty villages are seen all around. Tore is the last view which we had of the lakes of Killarney, and we left them with much to be enjoyed a sail on the clear waters, visiting Ross Castle and Ross Island, viewing the graves and ruins of "Lord Castlehaven," "Mangerton," one of the O'Sullivan's cascade and Tore Waterfall, and treading the shores of Glena Bay, we are content to bid the bright lakes of Killarney farewell.

One of my party tells me that I must close this letter with a description of an Irish breakfast as a first class feed. I will try to do justice to the great theme, not so much, however, in consequence of its magnitude, as from a desire to touch upon the hand by way in which a good many things are done here in Ireland.

Seven o'clock approaches, and the demons of hunger begin to pull at the vital chords and dance madly in the hollow recesses of your stomach. You have been preparing letters for the great American press, to give to thousands of "dear readers," and your hand is tremulous, your mind fatigued, and a general exhaustion comes over your form. You are in that state when nature cries out for breakfast.

You seize the bell rope of the coffee room and a cross-eyed, black-coated waiter comes, an Irishman of course. Breakfast plain, for six, is the "open sesame" which clears the waiter's brain. "Directly sur, in ten minutes." Ten minutes pass in silence and no waiter appears. Another pull at the bell. "Breakfast, waiter," I utter crustily again. "Directly, sur, in about ten minutes." Oh, that word "about," it is an excellent nail to hang delays on. A half hour elapses, and no sign of approaching breakfast. The coffee room door opens and in come the other five of our goodly American party, hunger being written in plain characters on the Indian file. I saw a skull roll down to the very side of a woman who was merry about some little joke, and she heeded it no more than if it had been a stone. The whole was conducted without a priest, or any religious service whatever, and there was none at the house, as I was told, before the procession left. I cannot convey to you by letter, as I can with a friend a little way off, leaning on an old gravestone, and watched it all; the faces of some covered with smiles, while their eyes were yet red with weeping; the group of listless, laughing ones, who sat at the very side of the men who were opening the grave; the bones and coffin-boards thrown carelessly out; the two grave-diggers, as indifferent to their solemn work as the two in Hamlet; the lunatic woman, who had thrown away the wreath of flowers, like Ophelia; the wife, on the ground, in her passionate sorrow, the quaint talk of the old women about their clothes and trifling things, while the sun was throwing his last beams on the strange spectacle. Soon the grave was opened, the coffin quietly laid in, all the earth and bones and coffin-boards thrown back in promiscuous confusion, the young deceased soldier lay in the very grave where his father and brothers lie—only the bones had to be cast out when some other one of his family follows him; and all this because that special spot is hallowed by the shadow of a crumbling Abbey. With sad hearts, my friend and I left the ruin, and spent a quiet, thoughtful half-hour in the closetered seclusion of the ruins. This Irish funeral has been one of the spectacles which I shall not forget.

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"Learn to labor and to wait,"

and they come. In ten minutes more, we order a fresh supply of eggs, and are informed that they are "directly sur, but one." That one is boiled, appears solitary and alone, like the last rose of summer, and is seized upon by the hungry boy. One lady is without a plate, another without cup and saucer, another member of the famished six is without a knife. We order the missing articles. We practice on the Psalm of Life for ten minutes

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 8, 1859.

There is no special change in the money market since yesterday's report. Exchange outside of bank is rather firmer, the rates to day being about ¼@¾ per cent. The "current rates" at bank are 1¼. With the margin of difference between this and the street rate, it is dull at regular quotations. We look for a further decline within the next few days, especially should shipments become again more active. Under the large receipts in Buffalo, prices show signs of a decline, which if it becomes established, must check shipments for some days. The offerings of produce paper, however, continued large today, but bankers report increased ability to take it. The supply of currency is better, but as yet there is no surplus.

In discounts produce paper is about all that stands any chance to be passed. Gold 1¼ and dull. Outside of bank there is little or nothing doing.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.—The following is the statement of the earnings of the Land and Traffic Departments of the Illinois Central Railroad for the month of September, 1859:—

Original land grant, 2,525,000 acres; railway, 706 miles of main track, and 87 miles of sidings; 113 engines: 2,401 cars; funded debt, $18,637,000; share capital, $50 paid on 175,000 shares, $10,500,000.		
LAND DEPARTMENT.		
Acres contracted to lands sold	1,577.45	for $32,302.18
Acres in grant land lands sold.....	160.00	for 4,480.00
Acres Kentucky lands sold.....	1,840.00	for 11,310.40
Total sales during the month.....	2,337.45	for $48,180.58
To which add town lot sales.....		50.65
Total of all.....		$48,231.23
Acres sold since January 1, 1859..	22,598.66	for $457,653.65
Acres sold previously.....	1,210,067.34	for 15,667,646.35
Total.....	1,232,361.10	$15,974,734.00
Contracting or [illegible] to Sept. 30, 1859.....	182,000.00	
Construction bonds issued previously.....	1,105,000.00	$1,197,000.00
Free land bonds canceled in September, 1859.....	$14,000.00	
Free land bonds canceled previously.....	102,000.00	116,000.00
Total bonds canceled up to 8 ptember, 30th, 1859.....		$1,313,000.00
Cash receipts, September, 1859..		$65,416.07
Cash receipts since January, 1st 1859.....		$416,241.00
Total cash in hand received to Sept. 30th, 1859		$3,092,400.62
OPERATING DEPARTMENT.		
Receipts from Passengers.....		$30,202.65
do Freight.....		126,565.60
do Mails.....		3,348.32
do Rent of road.....		7,253.00
do Other sources.....		4,349.14
Total receipts in month of Sept. 1859...		$171,692.12
Total receipts in month of Sept. 1858...		$ 170,564.55
Total receipts since January 1, 1859..		1,267,645.50
Total to attention corresponding period of 1858..		1,261,766.10

	1857.	1858.	1859.
Traffic.....	$2,454,676.70	$2,261,284.97	$1,976,678.23
Working expenses.....	1,256,566.10	1,216,351.84	1,410,964.90
	$990,574.60	$926,733.43	$566,653.72

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY OF CANADA.—The following is the statement of the traffic receipts for week ending 30th September, 1859:

Passengers.....		$26,337 25[illegible]
Freight, Mails and sundries.....		17,054.31
		1,491.32
Total.....		$45,180.28[illegible]
Corresponding week last year.....		$40,203.35[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 5, 1859.

The receipts and shipments during the past 24 hours, were as follows:

	RECEIPTS YESTERDAY.					
	Flour. bbls.	Wheat. bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Barley bus.	Rye bus.
Lake.....	2,000	37,000	3,000	20,000	2,000	1,000
Canal.....	470	6,000	7,000	3,000	4,000	1,000
G. & C. U. RR.	1,000	18,000	700	3,000	4,000	100
Rock Island R. R.	1,000	5,000	1,000	2,000	1,000	100
Ill. Central R. R.	670	2,000	18,000	10,000	12,000	75
Ft. Ad. & Quincy	200	2,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	50
Northern C. R. R.	213	7,875	155	2,700	600	50
Total.....	4,883	77,875	30,855	41,700	24,600	1,275
Total same day last year.....	1,000	10,000	15,000	5,000	1,000	1,000
Total.....	5,883	89,875	45,855	46,700	25,600	2,275

	SHIPMENTS BY LAKE YESTERDAY.					
	Flour. bbls.	Wheat bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Barley bus.	Rye bus.
Buffalo.....	200	26,775	11,400	11,000	.....	.....
Chicago.....	1,000	12,000	.....	.....	.....	.....
To Ogdensburg.	1,150	8,000	2,000	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,350	47,625	16,400	.....	11,000	.....

	RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL TO-DAY.	
	RECEIPTS.	SHIPMENTS.
Flour, bbls.....	2,821	Lumber, ft..... 542,000
Wheat, bu.....	10,108	Shingles, No..... 316,000
Corn, bu.....	1,000	Lath, No..... 60,000
Oats, bu.....	15,000	Wood, cds..... 276
Barley, bu.....	1,000	Coal, tons..... 30
Rye, bu.....	1,000	Coal tar bbls..... 39
Meal, bbls.....	200	Pork, bbls..... 20
Beef, bbls.....	263	Eggs, bbls..... 1,100
Provisions, lbs.....	40,000	Fish, bbls..... 1,000
Seeds, lbs.....	1,442	
Potatoes, bbls.....	69	
Tobacco, lbs.....	204	
Hay, tons.....	17	
Hides, No.....	39	
Provisions, bbls.....	121	
Whiskey, bbls.....	171	
Highwines, bbls.....	25	
Hops, lbs.....	1,200	
Iron, tons.....	78	
Pig do.....	1,700	
Oats, No.....	93	
Merchandise, tons.....	6	
Wool, lbs.....	25	

	SHIPMENTS BY CANAL TO-DAY.	
	RECEIPTS.	SHIPMENTS.
Flour, bbls.....	420	Lumber, ft..... 234,185
Wheat, bu.....	2,800	Shingles, No..... 127,000
Corn, bu.....	2,000	Hay, cds..... 45
Barley, bu.....	17,187	Beef, bbls..... 475
Rye, bbls.....	1,000	
Meal, bbls.....	100	
Stone, cords.....	20	

The large receipts of wheat at Buffalo, and the drooping tendency of that market, have very materially checked operations here. To-day the market was weak, and declined 1c on spring grades. At the opening there was a strong disposition to press the market even lower, but a fall of 1c in freights sustained it at the decline named. Winter Wheat was in fair demand and prices are unchanged. About 54,000 bushels only changed hands, at $1 for No. 1 White; 90 @91c for No. 1 Red; 87½@88c for No. 2 Spring, 76@76½c for No. 1 Spring; 74@74½c for No. 2 Spring, and 70c for Rejected—the market closing quiet at the inside quotations. The Flour market was very dull, except for very choice brands, and we note a decline of 10@12½c. About 800 brls were sold at $4@4.12½ for medium to fair Spring Extras; $4.38 for a very choice Spring Extra; $3.56@3.75 for Spring Super, and $5.50 for choice White Winter. Corn was more active and 1@2½c lower. About 22,000 bushels were sold at 72½@74c for No. 1, and 70@71c for No. 2 in store. Oats steady, with sales of about 17,000 bushels at 29c in store for No. 1. Rye steady at 61c in store, at which about 2500 bushels changed hands. Barley declined 3@4c under large receipts and dull news from the East. About 6000 bushels were sold at a range of 56@62c for No. 1 in store; 45c for No. 2, and 37½c for Rejected. There is a continued good demand for Timothy Seed, and the market to-day was more active at full prices. About 1700 bushels were sold at $2.06½ for dirty, and $2.18 to 2.15 for prime. Highwines firm at 20½ to 22c. Alcohol, 56 to 57c.

Freights were not so plenty to-day, and we have to note a decline of 1c. The rates to-day were—corn to Buffalo by steam, 7c; barley to Buffalo by steam, 7c; wheat to Buffalo by sail, 7c.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 4.—Receipts, 53,947 bush wheat; 806 bu oats; 955 bbls flour; 606 bush barley; 367 bu rye. Shipments, 54,502 bushels wheat. The *Sentinel* says:

There was considerable activity in the wheat market to-day, and prices were steady, though yesterday's outside figures were not reached on all grades. The New York report had a depressing effect in the afternoon, and buyers endeavored to establish a decline, but sellers not according the market closing without material changes from out last quotations. Transactions reported amounted to about 40,0 0 bushels at 80c for Extra Spring; 77c to 78c for Club; 76c to 76½c for No. 1 on the track, and 80c f. o. b.; and 74c to 75c for No. 2. Some 800 bbls of flour changed hands at $4.50 to $4.75 for country Spring Extra. Not much doing in other articles, receipts being extremely light. Highwines declined 1c, sales to-day being made at 27½c.

LARGE RECEIPTS AT BUFFALO—The Buffalo *Advertiser* of Monday contains the following:

During the forty-eight hours ending at noon to-day the receipts of wheat at this port have been 462,707 bushels. For the twenty-four hours ending at noon of Saturday the receipts were 272,616 bushels, making a total business for three days of 736,596 bushels of wheat. At this rate our full business will soon retrieve the slack times of the summer.

RECEIPTS OF CANADA WHEAT AT ROCHESTER.—The Rochester *Union* says:—

Since Saturday quite a number of cargoes of wheat have arrived this harbor from Canada, and since sold in this market.

Schooner Lily, 8,500 bushels of wheat for Geo. J. Wh tney.

Schooner Sarah, 6,500 bushels, schooner Belle 3,000 bushels for Bennett and Conolly.

The steamer Maple Leaf came in on Saturday night and brought 1,700 bags of wheat, but we do know to whom it was consigned.

The cars from Charlotte brought up last week 40,000 bushels of wheat, which is one-third of the amount received by the bulks in that time. We understand that there is a great deal of Canada wheat coming to the harbors on the Lake for sale and shipment to the American market. The Canadian farmers think that the present is the best to sell, in which they are doubtless right.

NEW YORK—Oct. 3—Receipts, 10,318 bbls flour; 19,419 bu wheat; 454 bu corn; 9,657 bu oats; 300 bu rye.

BOSTON—Oct. 3—Receipts, 7,093 bbls flour; 4,190 bu oats; No corn.

TOLEDO—Oct. 4—Receipts, 14,204 bu wheat; 3,696 bbls flour; 356 bu corn. Wheat—Sales of White, 1,000 bu at 1,2,800 bu $1.08, 1,000 bu p. t., of red, 3,000 bu p. t., 800 bu do, 700 bu 98c. Corn—Sales 2,000 bu, 77c, 600 bu 77c.

OSWEGO—Oct. 3—Receipts, 70,921 bu wheat; 70,443 barley; 1,497 bu rye; 1,010 bbls flour. Wheat is in good milling and shipping demand, and prices are firm. Sales since our last report of 15,000 bu Chicago Spring No. 2 at 97c, and 4,000 bu extra Milwaukee Club at 97c, and 4,000 bu standard do from the Drake's cargo, slightly damaged, at 92c, market closing with little or no Upper Lake on the spot. Canadian is quoted at $1.12 for prime white, and $1.12 for average qualities, with sales of 10,500 bu prime, in two lots, on private terms. Corn wanted, but market continues bare. Barley held at 80c, which is 2c above the views of buyers. No sales. Rye steady; sales 2,922 bu Canadian at 72c. Oats scarce and wanted.

ALBANY, Oct. 3.—Wheat qu'et but firm, Sales 350 bu choice white Michigan, in lots, at $1.36. Corn in limited request and the market rules in favor of the buyer. Sales 4,400 bu Western mixed at 90c in store. Rye firmer with sales of 3000 bu at 80c @ 86 bu. There is but little movement in barley and we have only to note a sale on Saturday evening of 5000 bu Canada West at 85c, to arrive. On 'Change this morning there was a fair supply offering. Oats lower and dull. Sales 2,100 bu State at 44¼ weight.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 3.—Receipts last week, 75,545 bu wheat, 13,291 bu flour. Flour—The market continues unchanged and quiet, with nothing beyond the home and interior demand so often reported. Sales for the week include several round lots, at prices within the range of our quotations, which are as follows: Extras, $4.75 to $5; double extras, $5.12 to 5.50. Rye—Is in fair request and prices firmer at 84 to 85c. Wheat has ruled firm and in steady demand all the week, at the prices current a week ago. At the close, the market is heavy at 1 02 to 1.05 for red and 1.13 to 1.15 for white; with sales 11 cars at this range. Corn has further advanced and sales in round lots have been made at 78c, and in small lots from store at 80c. The demand is light again, but the supply is small and holders are firm. Oats have been in fair inquiry for home use, and with light arrivals, prices have further advanced to 37c. Barley—the demand continues limited, with sales at 55c. Rye quiet at 75@76c.

PITTSBURG, October 3.—Flour—We have no sales to report from first hands. From store 250 bbls Superfine, Extra and Extra Family at $4.74, 5.00, and 5.25 to 5.40; 120 bbls Extra at 5.00; 65 bbls Superfine at 4.65; 40 bbls Extra Family at 5.30. Grain—Sales 200 bush White Wheat at 1.15, and 135 do Red at 1.10, from store; from depot, 350 bush white at 1.13, and 400 do Red at 1.08; 500 bush Corn from store at 86c to 90c; 420 bush Oats from depot at 46c; 150 do from store at 43c.

CINCINNATI—Oct. 4.—Receipts, 1,559 barrels flour, 224 bus corn, 1,552 bus wheat, 4,671 bus oats, 2,236 bus barley. The *Gazette* of this morning says:

There has been an active demand for Bacon throughout the week, and prices advanced fully ½c per lb. Bulk meats have also been wanted, and holders have been unwilling to sell, under the impression that prices would rule much higher At the close, Bacon could not be purchased at less than 8 and 10c, and bulk meats, than 7 and 9c, and in some cases rather higher prices were asked.

Flour has declined fully 25c per bbl from the highest point, and closes dull and heavy—buyers indisposed to operate, while holders are somewhat anxious to realize. The receipts the last day or two have not been so large.

The business doing in Groceries continues large, and the sales of Sugar to day reached 300 hhds, and for the week fully 1,400 hhds. The stocks of both Sugar and Molasses are being rapidly reduced.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, October 5.

FREIGHTS—Dull and unchanged. The following charters were made to-day: Prop Sun, corn to Buffalo at 7c; prop Forest Queen, barley to Buffalo at 7c, and oats on p[illegible]terms; schrs Tornot, E A Hart, Invincible, Business and Arrow, wheat to Buffalo at 7½.

FLOUR—Receipts, 4,683 bbls; shipments, 1,200 bbls. Market dull and 10@12½c lower on common to medium brands. Sales were 100 bbls "Peerless" at $4.50 delivered; 20 bbls "Peoria City" at 4 12½; 40 bbls "Geneva" at 4.10; 200 bbls "Waverly" and 150 bbls medium Spring Extra at 4.00 delivered; 40 bbls choice Super at 3 75; 30 bbls "Rock" Super at 3.25 delivered; 100 bbls choice White Winter at 5.50.

MILL STUFFS—76 bags choice Middlings at 10 50@10 on track; 75 bags Shorts at 10.00 on track.

WHEAT—Receipts 56,700 bu; shipments 47,635 bu—Winter—Steady. Sales were: 300 bu No 1 white at 1.09 in store; 1000 bu No 1 Red at 98c in store; 1400 bu do at 91c in store; 1200 bu No 2 Red at 87½c in store; 300 bu do at 88c in store; 200 bu Rejected at 70c in store. Spring—Declined 2@3c. Sales were: 4,500 bu No 1 Spring at 76½c in store; 7,000 bu do at 76c in store; 3 000 bu No 2 Spring at 74½c in store; 10,000 bu do in lots at 74c in store; 2,000 bu do lots at 74c in store; 500 bu Rejected at 60c in store.

CORN—Receipts 4,119 bu; shipments 10,000 bu. Market more active and declined light. Sales were—1,500 bu No 1 at 74c in store; 7,000 bu do at 74½c in store; 1,000 bu at 74½c in store; 500 bu do at 75½c in store; 10,000 bu do at 76c f. o. b.; 1,500 bu No 2 at 72c in store; 1,000 bu do at 72c in store; 300 bu No 1 in bags on track at 75½c; 70 bags do on track at 76c.

OATS—Receipts, 19,353 bu; shipments, none. Market unchanged. Sales were—12,000 bu No 1 at 31c f. o. b.; 4,000 bu No 1 at 29c in store; 1000 bu Rejected at 26c on track.

RYE—Receipts, 2132 bu; shipments, 11,000 bu. Market quiet. Sales were—2500 bu No 1 at 61c in store; 150 bu do at 60c on track; 60 bags do at 60c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts, 15,687 bu; shipped, none. Market dull and declined 3@4c. Sales were—1000 bu No 1 (early) at 62c in store; 1200 bu do at 57c in store; 2,000 bu do at 56c in store; 1600 bu No 2 at 45c in store; 2,000 bu do at 46c in store; 300 bu No 3 in bags on track at 45@c; 70 bags do on track at 47c.

SEEDS—Receipts, 34,167 lbs. Timothy more active and 2 m. Sales were—40 bags at 2.02½; 140 bu inferior at 2.00@; 150 bu prime—a round lot—at 2.15 delivered. Clover nominal at 6.25@6.50. Flax Seed in demand at 61@1.10.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 36 brls. Market firm. Sales were—60 brls at 27c.

MESS PORK—Receipts, 50 bbls. Market quiet and nominal at $15.

LARD—Nominal at 11@11½c.

TALLOW—Receipts, 1,650 lbs. 250 bbls prime at 3½c.

HIDES—Receipts, 61 269 lbs. Market dull and declined 1c. City Green, 6½@7c; Green Country, 7c; Green Salted, 7½@8c; Dry Salted, 13½@14c; Dry Flint, 15½@16c.

EGGS—Firm. 45 brls fr h at 11½@12c.

BUTTER—Prime is fair demand; common dull. Sales were: 12 firkins fair at 13½c; 14 firkins good at 15½c; 400 prime Michigan in bbls at 16c; 2 tubs dairy, 16@16c.

POULTRY—Receipts of Poultry large, and market dull. Chickens, 41 2,361-10 W doz; Ducks, 91-23 P doz; Turkeys, 7 P lb.

POTATOES—Dull at 30@35c.

Alba ny Cattle Maret.

WEST ALBANY, Oct. 5, 1859.

[From the Albany Evening Journal.]

CATTLE—A rather dis ouraging feature for a here. It was thought that the bottom was reached last week, but whoever based their speculations on that view CHEAP, disappointed to-day. Few who bought here last week, for the New York and Eastern markets, could have failed to some loss 4@9 head, and not a few 50@60. This, of course, reacts on the Albany market to day, and with prospects that in view of the comparatively large supply, which is equal to that of last Monday although it was generally supposed yesterday that it would prove less or the hundred short. Drovers are discouraged, and have probably had as little experience in the trade during back at last twenty years, they never have known so bad a market. The average quality of the Beeves is up to last week—not better. There are a few drives of choice from Kentucky, from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs each, two from this State. The highest bid on any of these has been 4¾@4¾ lbs live weight, which indicates a decline according to the views of buyers of 3¼@4c P lb. They are now held at that, but it is the general impression that the holders will be prepared to make concessions before the close of the market.

FARMERS—Are without change.

The following is our comparative statement of receipts at this market via the New York Central Railroad:

	This week.	Last week.	Total since Jan. 1.
Cattle.....	1,924	2,704	99,666
Sheep.....	3,000	12,344	179,000
Hogs.....	1,704	1,388	75,579

The Cattle are from the several States and Canada, in the following numbers:

New York.....	885	Indiana.....	240
Kentucky.....	642	Michigan.....	144
Ohio.....	77	Missouri.....	151
Canada.....	319		
Illinois.....	516	Total.....	2,924

PRICES—We rest on our quotations to the general tone of the market, remarking that there are one or two extra droves that may command 5c P lb.

	This week.	Last week.
Extra.....	4¾@4¾	4¾@5c
First quality.....	4@4¼	4@4½
Second quality.....	3 @3¾	3 @3¾
Third quality.....	2½@2¾	2½@3
Inferior.....	2 @2½	2 @2½

REMARKS—Little change to note in the sales of Sheep from the same as last week, and there is no noticeable improvement in the demand. The following are the only sales we have to p ace:

Terry & Johnson, 183, averaging 90 lbs each at 4¼ 382 @ 92 lbs, 87 do. 110 do, at 4 2-10; P Hendrix, 87 do, 112 do at 4 1/10; Osborn & Bush, 279 do, 110 d o, at 3 3/10; C T Holley, 93 do, 200 do at 3.70 do. We hear of a sale of a double deck car load of 23 to nine State at Greenbush at 4¾.

New York Market.

PER TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Oct. 5, 1859.

FLOUR—Fewer lower and fairly in fair demand. Sales 7700 bbls at $4.00@4.50 for extra State; 4,000@4 65 for extra do; 4,850@4.75 for extra Western; 4,000@4.85 for extra Genesee; 4,000@5 40 for Inferior to good shipping brands extra Western; 5,100@5 40 for Inferior to good trade brands extra Western; 2,000@5.60 for fancy do; 1,000@5.75 for choice do; and 1,000 bbls for export. Sales 200 bbls at 3.90@4.10 for common to choice extra. Rye flour in fair request at 3.60@4.

GRAIN—Wheat opened 1@2c and heavy—closing quiet. Sales 96,000 bus wheat for No 1 Chicago spring; 2,000 bus for Milwaukee club; 1,200@1 10 for white Western; 1,400 for white Kentucky. Rye firmer at 84@85c. Barley in fair supply and dull and heavy. Sales at 58c for 2 rows. Corn dull and heavy. Sales 11,000 bus at 80@82c for mixed Western; 82c for inferior or low mixed yellow; mixed Western held at 86c. Oats are in fair request and 1@2c lower. Sales 30,000 bus at 34c for Western; 37c for Canada.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and firm. Sales 2 bbls at 25 00 for Prime Mess; 100 bbls Reinspected Mess at 25 50@25 75; 100 bbls Reinspected Prime Mess at 20 50; 100 bbls Prime Mess, 10 days delivery, at 20 50; 100 bbls Prime Mess for November at 19 25; 200 bbls Prime Mess for November and December at 19 50; 200 bbls Prime Mess for December at 19 62½@19 75; 100 bbls Prime Mess for country prime; 500 bbls for country mess; 500 bbls for repacked mess; 100 bbls for extra mess. Beef dull and heavy at 10@11. Prime mess beef nominal. Cut pieces quiet and firm at 8c for shoulders and 10@11c for hams. Lard quiet. Lard better and active; sales 300 bbls at 11@11½c. Butter steady at 19@19c for Ohio; 17@18c for State. Cheese steady at 8¼@8½c.

New York Stock Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

Between the hour's stock were lower but a fair business was observable in New York Central, which sold as low as 91. The report was current that the certificates from Albany, amounting to 2,700 shares, all belonging to a single party, had been made to appear as transferred to New York, was quite active, and a heavy business was done in N Y C and Chi and Chi & R I, the first named closing 70@70¼, with sales to 6,500 shares. The Erie road had a decline, its receiver in September, $658,326, and its receipts were $521,098. It has a debt of $10,000,000.

MONEY—Rather easier at the close of business. Loans on call were offered at 4 @ cent, with very little demand. Yesterday that it was quoted at 6 per cent, and the highest rate of discount was 6 per cent. Sterling exchange dull at 9 per cent, though it is thought the ships sail of Saturday will reach across Inundred and fifty thousand to five million dollars. Yesterday's drop ings gets the California mail overland for nine months. The Indian and Northern Light went out crowded with passengers.

STOCKS—At 11 board N Y C 91¼, 91¾; Erie 70¼, 70¾; Ill C 93, 93¾; Reading 75, 75¾. Rock Island 70, 70¾. Erie 6s 1st 88, 88½; Erie 6s Mad. Exte 85, 87; Erie 7s 1st 103, 103½; Erie 6s 2d 78, 78½; Mich Sou 6s 1st 93, 93½; Mich Cen 6s, 84½; Mich Cen 8s, 103; Mich Sou 7s 1st 90, 90½; Gal & Chi 71, Chi & R I 94¾.

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, Oct. 5—6 P. M.

FLOUR—Dull, especially for low grades; sales 800 bbls at 3.75@4 65 for extra Hillers and Wheatons; 4.75@5.00 for extra Rock Isla d, Indiana and Ohio; 5 000 bbls for double extras.

GRAIN—Wheat—Market for Springs dull and declining; Red and White Winter quiet and no sales reported; sales 20,000 bu Chicago Spring from on board at 86c; 1,000 bu do afloat at the same; 5 000 bu f. o. b. at 85c; 5,000 bu No 1 Milwaukee at 90c. Corn active and firm; sales 2,000 bu No 1 Illinois at 65. Oats inactive and lower; sales 2,000 bu Canadian at 36. Barley dull and no sales. Rye quiet and nothing doing.

WHISKY—Nominal.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Firm.

LAKE IMPORTS—5500 b l flour, 283,000 bu wheat, 20,000 bu corn, 6000 bu barley, 12000 bu rye.

EXPORTS—69 bbls flour, 114,000 bush wheat, 6,000 bush corn, 10,000 bu oats.

Montreal Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH.] MONTREAL, Oct. 5

FLOUR—Receipts very light. No 1 superfine selling at 4.70@4.85; fancy, 5.00@5.10; extra, 5.20@5.40; No 2 and coarse grades much sak d for, an would bring comparatively high prices.

WHEAT—Upper Canada club selling from cars at 97c; 92c offered for Chicago No 1 spring for shipment—1 0 asked.

New York Cattle Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, Oct. 5.

BEEVES—Owing to dear and caggit of beeves, a reaction took place in prices of 50 to 75c per pound, mainly on quality, below prime. Receipts 3100 Prices 6@7½c for inferior to prime. Sales 2,000 at the average rate.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Advanced 100@150 per head. Demand good. Receipts 14,700.

SWINE—Firm at 6@6½c for extra corn fed. Receipts, 600.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.....October 5, 1859.

Str Traveler, Sweetser, Milwaukee, 412 bbls beef, 27 bbls pork, 20 do coal, 150 do eggs, 11 boxes fish, sundries.

Prop J Barker, Brown, St Joseph, 25 cds wood 35 m lumber.

Brig Robert Burns, McCuaa, Oconto, 100 m lumber, 10 m shingles.

Schr S Isles, Brown, Muskegon, 120 m lumber.

Schr Gypsey, Jamieson, do 114 do

Schr Joseph, Sharp, Grand Haven, 65 m lumber.

Schr Virginia, Haight, Grand River, 140 cds wood

Schr Magic, Mortimer, Grand River, 85 cds wood

Schr Wyoming, Furlong, do 105 m lumber, 315 m shingles.

Schr Rose Bud, Hale, Green Bay, 110 m lumber, 56 m lath.

Schr Ben B Walker, Lawrence, Sturgeon, 40 cords wood.

Schr Rockford, Clydesdale, Grand River, 61 cds wood.

Schr Surprise, Morrison, Cleveland, 400 tons coal.

CLEARED.

Star Lady Elgin, Wilson, Ontonagon, 406 bbls flour, 90 do pork, 240 do beef, 2 head cattle, 320 bags and 50 bbls salt, 300 bu oats, 385 bbls feed, 118 bu corn, 50 bags middlings, 1 bdl hides, 1 pkg sundries and 30 tons to order.

Star T arter, Sweeney, Milwaukee, 35 bbls h wines, 300 do apples, 864 bu potatoes, 81 bbls oil, 60 do tallow, 320 do lard, 1 do hides.

Bark St George, Warwick Kingston, 13,674 bu wheat.

Bark Eagle, Anderson, Lawrence, Buffalo, 25,000 bu barley.

Sch Tempest, Leslie, Grand Haven, 15 tons hay, 20 bbls provisions, 1 do hides.

Sch Hiram Hale, Grand River.

Prop J S Wallace, Lawrence, Buffalo, 1,000 bu wheat.

Sch Arctic, Bigelow, Buffalo, 10,000 bu wheat.

Sch Red Jacket, Buffalo, 10,000 bu wheat.

Sch Goddard Pratt, Thomas, Buffalo, 16,667 bu wheat.

Sch J Bates, Bates, Muskegon.

Sch Telegraph, Burke, Grand Haven.

Sch Wisconsin, Lewrie, Muskegon, 14,000 bu wheat.

Sch C Beals, Burke, Muskegon, 5 tons to order.

Sch Richard Sheridan, Lamb, Oswego, 15,000 bu wheat.

Sch C O Grinwood, Fair, Buffalo, 15,871 do

Sch Wm Case, Farley, Grand River.

Prop Jeanette Preston, St Joseph.

Prop Rocket, Hazen, Buffalo, 1643 bbls flour, 1428 do beef, 9 do hides, 50 do pork, 1700 bbls salt, 75 tons R R iron, 30 do bar iron, 50 bbls lard, 10 do staves.

Schr Reeve, Donahue, Buffalo, 11,316 bu wheat.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED.....Oct. 5.

Packet, Ottawa, 750 bbls flour, 2000 bu wheat, 31,200 lbs wheat, 2,200 lbs butter, 1 do lard.

J L Ames, Lockport, 1423 bu corn, 200 bbls flour.

Sch Ben Franklin, Lockport, 1,100 tons coal.

Sch Chas. Jones, Joliet, 110 tons coal.

Prop Dwight, Joliet, 70 c rds wood.

Schr Ida, Joliet, light.

Schr Ellen, Joliet, light.

Prop Ariel, Lockport, 1450 ft lumber, 14 m shingles, 5 m lath, 1 cord wood.

Schr Ida, Joliet, 46 cds hay.

Sch Corsica A, Joliet, 1,000 ft lumber, 173 m shingles.

Sch Ben Franklin, Joliet, 8 m shingles, 40,000 ft lumber.

Schr Brown, Joliet, light.

Schr Ida, Joliet, light.

Florida, 20 bbls light.

CLEARED.

X. La Salle, 50,342 ft lumber, 64 m shingles, 15 m lath.

Orpheus, La Salle, 1,000 shingles, 66,925 ft lumber.

Leader, Joliet, light.

Ayesha, Joliet, light.

D E Norton, Lockport, 1470 ft lumber, 14 m shingles, 5 m lath, 1 cord wood.

Ohio, Joliet, 46 cds hay.

Marquis A, Joliet, 1,000 ft lumber, 173 m shingles.

Sch Ben Franklin, Joliet, 8 m shingles, 40,000 ft lumber.

Schr Brown, Joliet, light.

Schr Ida, Joliet, light.

Florida, 20 bbls light.

Merchant Tailors.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

HOFFMAN & VOGT,

Merchant Tailors

AND DEALERS IN

Gent's Furnishing Goods

—AT—

No. 75...LAKE STREET...No. 75

Wish to inform their friends and the public generally that they are now in receipt of one of the Choicest and best Selected Stocks of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Overcoatings and Gent's Furnishing Goods ever of New York.

They are prepared to make up Clothing to the most approved style and workmanlike manner.

Mr. FRED. W. VOGT, who has done the Custom Cutting for Ullgeman & Co. for the last nine years, handles the shears and warrants a perfect fit in any garment that he cuts.

Remember the No., 75 Lake Street.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

☞ Call and examine the Stock. ☜

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New Importing House!

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Just received, direct, via Montreal and Grand Trunk Railway, from Great Britain, a large assortment of

West of England Broadcloths,

Black, Brown, Blue, and Mixed Beavers,

Devonshire Kerseys, Scotch Tweeds,

English Tweeds and Doeskins,

Trimmings, of best qualities.

And a large assortment of

GENERAL FURNISHING GOODS,

Will be sold to the trade as

LOW AS CAN BE BOUGHT IN NEW YORK.

By G. McKEAND, 109 So. Clark st.,

se30-2m Methodist Church Block.

CLOTHING AND GENTLEmen's Furnishing Goods, Wholesale and Retail.

H. H. HUSTED,

131.....LAKE STREET.....131

Has one of the largest and best assorted stocks of

Clothing and Furnishing Goods,

In the city, to which he would call the attent on of his friends and the public.

His stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings is complete, which will be

MADE TO ORDER IN THE LATEST STYLE,

And best manner. All goods warranted as represented. Gentlemen making their purchases here may depend upon getting the value received.

Also, a great variety of Youth's and Children's Clothing of great style and fit.

Remember the number, 131 Lake street.

se30-s&w3m H. H. HUSTED.

CLOTHING.—CLOTHING.—On and after

SEPTEMBER 1ST,

I will have ready and offer for sale my beautiful stock o

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

MANUFACTURED BY MYSELF

Of the best French, English and American Fabrics, in the best manner and latest styles.

MY CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

Is supplied with a large and beautiful assortment of Piece Goods suitable for the Fall and Winter Trade, of the Latest styles, selected with great care, for Coats, Pants, and Vests, which I will make to order in the most elegant, elegance and good taste that will insure the most perfect satisfaction to all.

MY FURNISHING GOODS' DEPARTMENT

Is complete at all seasons.

WILLIAM CLINGMAN,

No. 183 . . . Lake Street . . . No. 183

se8-s3m Near Cor. Wells street, Chicago.

BURWELL AND WYANT,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

8 Tremont Block,.....Dearborn Street.

Would invite attention to their new stock of Fall and Winter Goods consisting of Golden Hill Shirts of every description and pattern.

Collars,	**Gloves,**
Half Hose,	**Undershirts,**
Ties,	**Drawers,**
Scarf Cravats,	**Bosoms,**
Umbrellas,	**Dressing Robes,**
Traveling Shawls and Blanke's, Etc.	

JOUVIN'S BEST KID GLOVES, $1 PER PAIR.

SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER

From measure and warranted to fit. se10-s292m

GEORGE McKEAND,

Merchant Tailor and Draper,

109 South Clark Street. 109

METHODIST CHURCH BLOCK.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FALL GOODS, IMPORTED DIRECT FROM GREAT BRITAIN. Through in 28 days from Liverpool,) consisting of a large assortment of Choice Piece Goods for Fall and Winter Trade, of Fine Cheviots, Scotch Tweeds from Kelso and Harwick, English Tweeds and Doeskins, and a large assortment of Furnishing Goods, all of which have been selected by an experienced buyer, who has resided in Great Britain for the subscribers own trade, and the prices of which will be found to be lower than the same goods can be bought for in Chicago—but b ying goods through the hands of New York Importers and Jobbers adds fifteen to twenty per cent to the cost.

Goods made up in the most stylish and fashionable manner, and warranted to fit. Orders promptly executed.

GOO. McKEAND, 109 South Clark st.,

se30-s&w3m Methodist Church Block.

New Importing House!

TO MERCHANT TAILORS.

Just received, direct, via Montreal and Grand Trunk Railway, from Great Britain, a large assortment of

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Crockery and Glass Ware.

BURLEY & TYRRELL,

48 Lake Street,

Offer for sale the largest assortment of

Crockery,

CHINA AND GLASS-WARE,

Fine and Common

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